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Second edition
2022-04

Standard test method for assessing the ignition propensity of cigarettes

*Méthode d'essai normalisée pour évaluer le potentiel incendiaire des
cigarettes*



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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 92, *Fire safety*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Fire initiation and growth*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 401, *Reduced Ignition Propensity Cigarettes*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 12863:2010), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 12863:2010/Amd 1:2016 and the Technical Corrigendum ISO 12863:2010/Cor 1:2011.

The main changes are as follows:

- a new [Annex G](#) "Physical parameters of filter paper substrates for the determination of ignition propensity of cigarettes" has been added;
- the Bibliography has been updated.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

A very common initiating event in a fatal fire is the dropping of a cigarette onto a bed or piece of upholstered furniture. The burning cigarette heats the furnishing materials to the point where smouldering combustion begins, perhaps followed by a transition to flaming combustion. Since limiting the frequency of ignitions is a principal approach to reducing fire loss, it is desirable to establish a test method for the propensity of a cigarette to ignite soft furnishings.

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