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Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Internet Protocol (DoIP) —

Part 1: General information and use case definition

Véhicules routiers — Communication de diagnostic au travers du protocole internet (DoIP) —

Partie 1: Informations générales et définition de cas d'usage



ISO 13400-1:2011(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13400-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Electrical and electronic equipment*.

ISO 13400 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Road vehicles* — *Diagnostic communication over Internet Protocol (DoIP)*:

- Part 1: General information and use case definition
- Part 2: Transport protocol and network layer services
- Part 3: Wired vehicle interface based on IEEE 802.3

The following parts are under preparation:

- Part 4: Ethernet Diagnostic Connector
- Part 5: Conformance test specification

Introduction

Vehicle diagnostic communication has been developed starting with the introduction of the first legislated emissions-related diagnostics and has evolved over the years, now covering various use cases ranging from emissions-related diagnostics to vehicle manufacturer specific applications like calibration or electronic component software updates.

With the introduction of new in-vehicle network communication technologies the interface between the vehicle's electronic control units and the external test equipment has been adapted several times to address the specific characteristics of each new network communication technology requiring optimized data link layer definitions and transport protocol developments in order to make the new in-vehicle networks usable for diagnostic communication.

With increasing memory size of electronic control units and the demand to update this increasing amount of software and an increasing number of functions provided by these control units, technology of the connecting network and buses has been driven to a level of complexity and speed similar to computer networks. New applications (x-by-wire, infotainment) require high band-width and real time networks (like FlexRay, MOST) which cannot be adapted to provide the direct interface to a vehicle. This requires gateways to route and convert messages between the in-vehicle networks and the vehicle interface to external test equipment.

The intent of ISO 13400 (all parts) is to describe a standardized vehicle interface which

- separates in-vehicle network technology from the external test equipment vehicle interface requirements to allow for a long-term stable external vehicle communication interface,
- utilizes existing industry standards to define a long-term stable state-of-the-art communication standard usable for legislated diagnostic communication as well as for manufacturer-specific use cases, and
- can be easily adapted to new physical and data link layers, including wired and wireless connections using existing adaptation layers.

To achieve this, all parts of ISO 13400 are based on the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Basic Reference Model specified in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 10731, which structures communication systems into seven layers. Where mapped on this model, the services specified by ISO 14229-1, ISO 14229-2 and ISO 14229-5 are divided into

- a) unified diagnostic services (layer 7), specified in ISO 14229-1, ISO 14229-5 and ISO 27145-3,
- b) presentation (layer 6):
 - 1) for enhanced diagnostics, specified by the vehicle manufacturer;
 - 2) for WWH-OBD (World-Wide Harmonized On-Board Diagnostics), specified in ISO 27145-2, SAE J1930-DA, SAE J1939:2011, Appendix C (SPNs), and SAE J1939-73:2010, Appendix A (FMI), SAE J1979-DA, SAE J2012-DA,
- c) session layer services (layer 5), specified in ISO 14229-2,
- d) transport protocol (layer 4), specified in ISO 13400-2,
- e) network layer (layer 3) services, specified in ISO 13400-2, and
- f) physical and data link services (layers 1 and 2), specified in ISO 13400-3,

in accordance with Table 1.

Table 1 — Enhanced and legislated WWH-OBD diagnostic specifications applicable to the OSI layers

Applicability	OSI seven layers	Vehicle manufacturer enhanced diagnostics	WWH-OBD reference
	Application (layer 7)	ISO 14229-1/ISO 14229-5	ISO 14229-1/ISO 27145-3
Seven layers according to	Presentation (layer 6)	Vehicle manufacturer specific	ISO 27145-2, SAE J1930-DA, SAE J1939:2011, Appendix C (SPNs), SAE J1939-73:2010, Appendix A (FMIs), SAE J1979-DA, SAE J2012-DA
ISO/IEC 7498-1	Session (layer 5)	ISO 14229-2	ISO 14229-2
and ISO/IEC 10731	Transport (layer 4)	- ISO 13400-2	ISO 13400-2
100/120 10/01	Network (layer 3)		
	Data link (layer 2)	- ISO 13400-3	ISO 13400-3
	Physical (layer 1)		

The application layer services covered by ISO 14229-5 have been defined in compliance with diagnostic services established in ISO 14229-1, but are not limited to use only with them.

The transport and network layer services covered by ISO 13400-2 have been defined to be independent of the physical layer implemented.

For other application areas, ISO 13400-3 can be used with any Ethernet physical layer.