



ISO 13400-2

**Road vehicles — Diagnostic
communication over Internet
Protocol (DoIP) —**

**Part 2:
Transport protocol and network
layer services**

*Véhicules routiers — Communication de diagnostic au travers du
protocole internet (DoIP) —*

Partie 2: Protocole de transport et services de la couche réseau

**Third edition
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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 31, *Data communication*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 13400-2:2019), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates ISO 13400-2:2019/Amd 1:2023.

The main changes are as follows:

- modified Figure 1 to show ISO 13400-2 DoIP payload type detection;
- specified the DoIP protocol version = 4 for this edition;
- updated [subclause 7.7](#) APP - Timing and communication parameters, [Table 12](#);
- added new requirement 7.DoIP-190 AL – DoIP entity diagnostic message NACK code set to 09_{16} ;
- added new requirement 7.DoIP-191 AL – DoIP transport protocol payload type status and message structure;
- added new requirement 7.DoIP-192 AL – DoIP entity checks for supported payload types over UDP Ports;
- modified [Figure 16](#) to include 7.DoIP-192 new requirement;
- modified [Figure 23](#) to include 7.DoIP-105, DoIP-193 and DoIP-194 new requirements;
- added new requirement 7.DoIP-195 AL – DoIP server supports one DoIP protocol version.

A list of all parts in the ISO 13400 series can be found on the ISO website.

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Vehicle diagnostic communication has been developed starting with the introduction of the first legislated emissions-related diagnostics and has evolved over the years, now covering various use cases ranging from emission-related diagnostics to vehicle-manufacturer-specific applications like calibration or electronic component software updates.

With the introduction of new in-vehicle network communication technologies, the interface between the vehicle's servers and the client DoIP entity has been adapted several times to address the specific characteristics of each new network communication technology requiring optimized data link layer definitions and transport protocol developments in order to make the new in-vehicle networks usable for diagnostic communication.

With increasing memory size of servers, the demand to update this increasing amount of software and an increasing number of functions provided by these control units, technology of the connecting network and buses has been driven to a level of complexity and speed similar to computer networks. Various applications (x-by-wire, infotainment) require high band-width and real-time networks (like FlexRay, MOST), which cannot be adapted to provide the direct interface to a vehicle. This requires gateways to route and convert messages between the in-vehicle networks and the vehicle interface to client DoIP entity.

All parts of the ISO 13400 series are applicable to vehicle diagnostic systems implemented on an IP communication network.

The ISO 13400 series has been established in order to define common requirements for vehicle diagnostic systems implemented on an IP communication link.

Although primarily intended for diagnostic systems, the ISO 13400 series has been developed to also meet requirements from other IP-based systems needing a transport protocol and network layer services.

The intent of the ISO 13400 series is to describe a standardized vehicle interface which

- separates in-vehicle network technology from the client DoIP entity vehicle interface requirements to allow for a long-term stable external vehicle communication interface,
- utilizes existing industry standards to define a long-term stable state-of-the-art communication standard usable for legislated diagnostic communication as well as for manufacturer-specific use cases,
- can easily be adapted to new physical and data link layers, including wired and wireless connections, by using existing adaptation layers, and
- allows connections of vehicle-internal and vehicle-external DoIP entities.

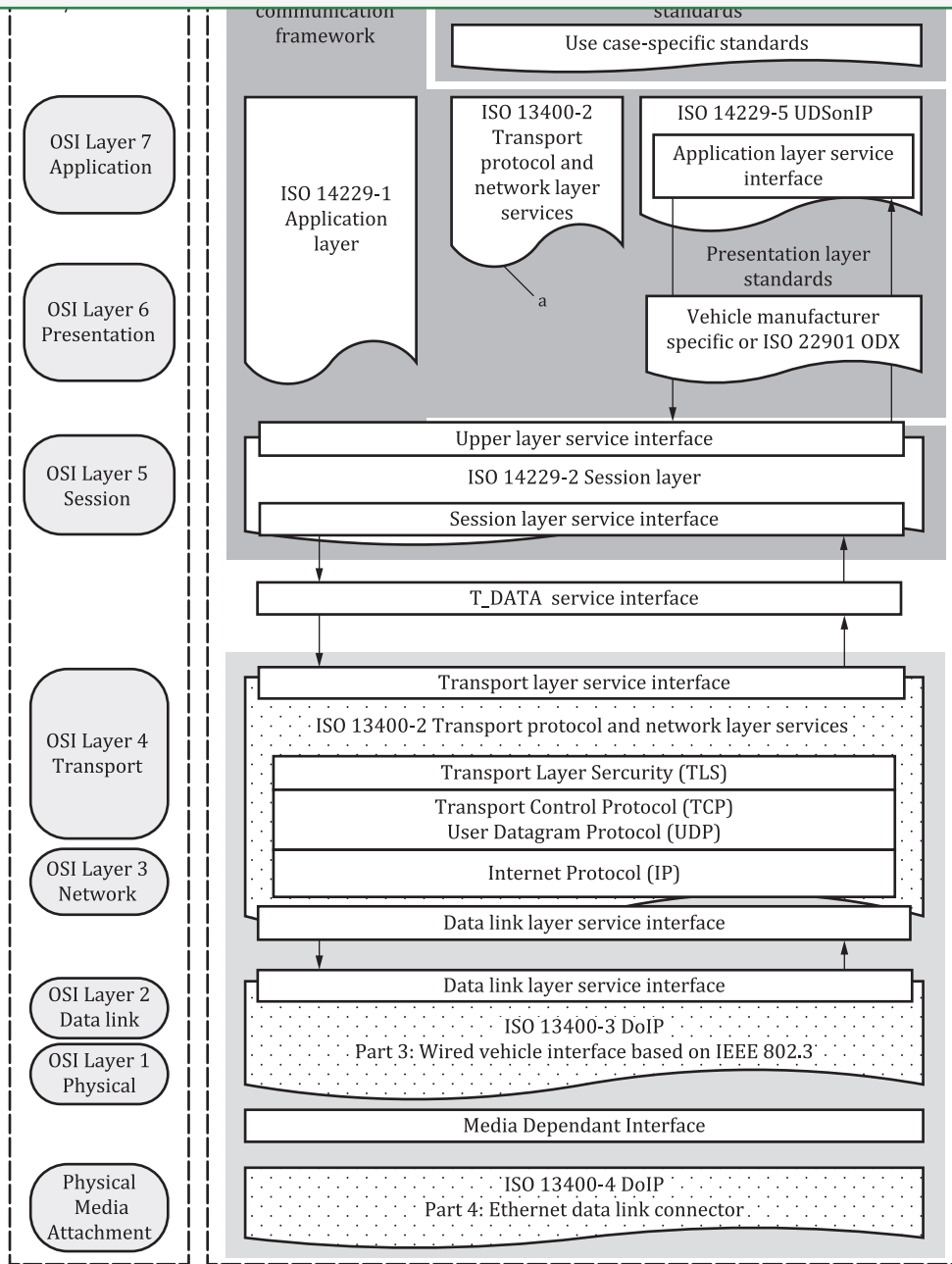
To achieve this, it is based on the open systems interconnection (OSI) basic reference model specified in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 10731, which structures communication systems into seven layers.

[Figure 1](#) illustrates an overview of communication frameworks beyond the scope of this document including related standards:

- vehicle diagnostic communication framework, which is composed of ISO 14229-1, ISO 13400-2 (DoIP payload type detection), ISO 14229-2, and ISO 14229-5;
- presentation layer standards, for example, vehicle manufacturer- (VM-) specific or ISO 22901 ODX;
- OSI lower layers framework, which is composed of ISO 13400-3 and ISO 13400-4.

The ISO 13400 series and ISO 14229-5 are based on the conventions specified in the OSI service conventions (ISO/IEC 10731) as they apply for all layers and the diagnostic services.

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^a Definition of application layer payload types.

Figure 1 — DoIP document reference according to OSI model

[Figure 2](#) illustrates vehicle network architecture schematics from a functional viewpoint.

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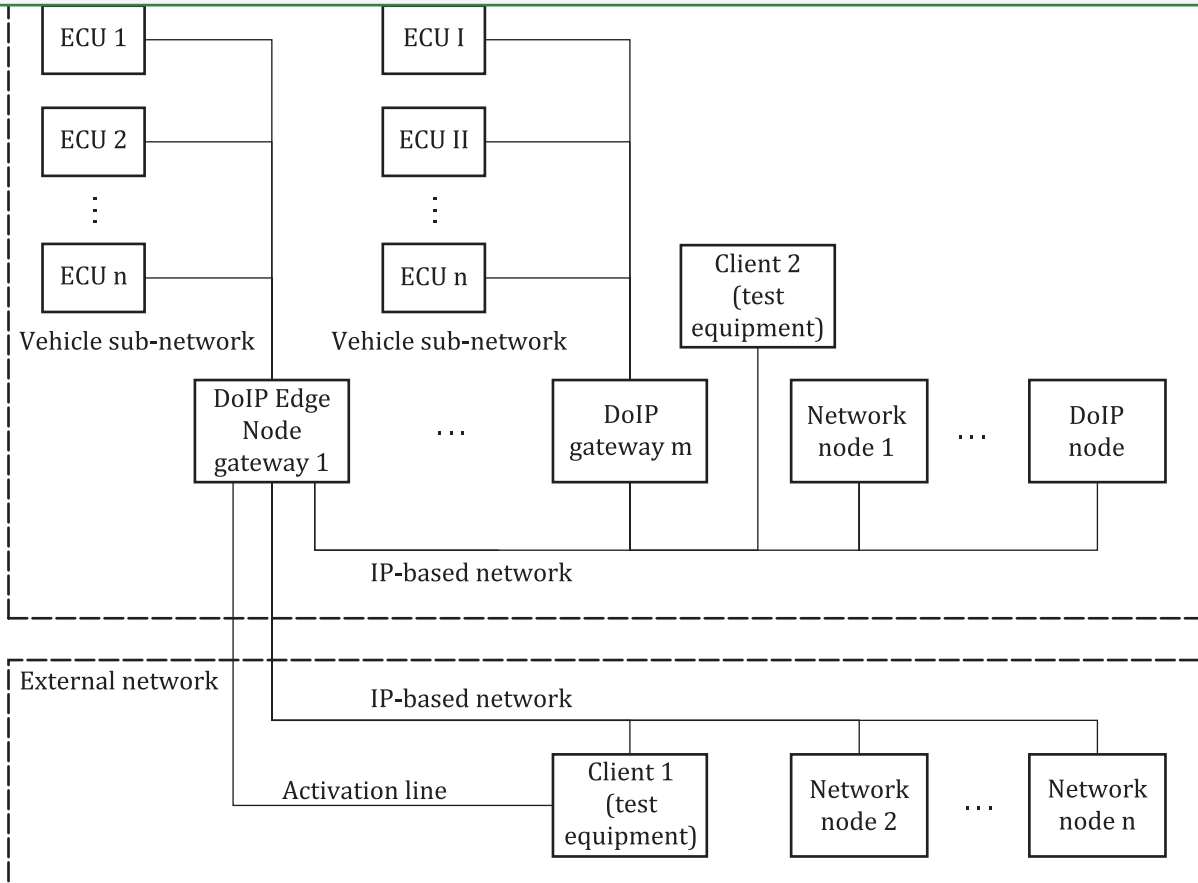


Figure 2 — Vehicle network architecture schematics (functional view)

This protocol standard is implemented by one or more DoIP entities, depending on the vehicle’s network architecture. [Figure 2](#) illustrates a client 1 (external client), which is connected to the DoIP edge node and a client 2 (internal client) in the vehicle’s internal network. If not stated otherwise, the DoIP client entities are assumed to behave the same regardless to which network they are connected.

If necessary, this document distinguishes between an “internal client” and “external client” to apply a requirement or statement.

In this document, the requirements are assigned a unique number of the form "X.DoIP-yyy", allowing for easier requirement tracking and reference.

- X = OSI layer number; and
- DoIP-yyy = requirement number; and
- xL = x = OSI layer abbreviation [8 = APP, 7 = AL, 6 = PL, 5 = SL, 4 = TL, 3 = NL, 2 = DLL, 1 = PHY, 0 = ASP].

NOTE Requirements in this document are not numbered sequentially because the order of individual requirements changed during document development.