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Plastics — Determination of the total luminous transmittance of transparent materials —

Part 2: Double-beam instrument

*Plastiques — Détermination du facteur de transmission du flux lumineux
total des matériaux transparents —*

Partie 2: Instrument à double faisceau



Reference number
ISO 13468-2:1999(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 13468-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*.

ISO 13468 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics — Determination of the total luminous transmittance of transparent materials*:

- *Part 1: Single-beam instrument*
- *Part 2: Double-beam instrument*