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Textiles — Seam tensile properties of fabrics and made-up textile articles —

Part 1:

Determination of maximum force to seam rupture using the strip method

Textiles — Propriétés de résistance à la traction des coutures d'étoffes et d'articles textiles confectionnés —

Partie 1: Détermination de la force maximale avant rupture des coutures par la méthode sur bande



ISO 13935-1:2014(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*, Subcommittee SC 24, *Conditioning atmospheres and physical tests for textile fabrics* .

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 13935-1:1999), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

This corrected version of ISO 13935-1:2014 incorporates the following correction.

— The misprint in <u>Figure 3</u> has been corrected.

ISO 13935 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Textiles* — *Seam tensile properties of fabrics and made-up textile articles*:

- Part 1: Determination of maximum force to seam rupture using the strip method
- Part 2: Determination of maximum force to seam rupture using the grab method

Introduction

This part of ISO 13935 has been prepared in the context of several test methods for determination of certain mechanical properties of textiles using mainly tensile testing machines, e.g. tensile properties, seam tensile properties, tear properties, seam slippage. The procedure for these standards agrees where appropriate. The results obtained by one of the methods should not be compared with those obtained by the other methods. See Bibliography for informative references.

Where it is intended to compare the seam maximum force values of sewn seams with the fabric maximum force, it is important to use the same type of test, test conditions and test specimens in the tests in this part of ISO 13935 and ISO 13934-1 (see Bibliography).