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Third edition
2017-10

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Inspection by measurement of workpieces and measuring equipment —

Part 1:

Decision rules for verifying conformity or nonconformity with specifications

*Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) — Vérification par la
mesure des pièces et des équipements de mesure —*

*Partie 1: Règles de décision pour contrôler la conformité ou la non-
conformité à la spécification*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification*, in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 290, *Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 14253-1:2013), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- The content applies ISO/IEC Guide 98-4 and gives recommendation for simplification by using intervals representing the underlying probability. As a consequence, the default coverage factor $k = 2$ has been replaced with a default conformance probability of 95 %. This makes the risk constant, regardless of the relationship between the specification interval and the measurement uncertainty. See [Annex A](#) for additional information.
- Some terminology has been updated.
- The explanation for the population specification modifier has been removed and can now be found in ISO 18391.

A list of all parts in the ISO 14253 series can be found on the ISO website.

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Introduction

This document is a geometrical product specifications (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a general GPS standard (see ISO 14638). It influences the chain link D of all chains of general GPS standards.

The ISO/GPS Matrix model given in ISO 14638 gives an overview of the ISO/GPS system of which this document is a part. The fundamental rules of ISO/GPS given in ISO 8015 apply to this document and the default decision rules given in this document apply in ISO/GPS, unless otherwise indicated.

For more detailed information on the relation of this document to other standards and the GPS matrix model, see [Annex B](#) for additional information.

The estimated measurement uncertainty is to be taken into account when verifying conformity or nonconformity with specification.

The problem arises when a measured value falls close to the upper or lower specification limit. In this case, verification of conformity or nonconformity with specifications is not possible: the measurement uncertainty induces a probability that a true value of the characteristic is out of specification even if the measured value falls inside the specification zone, or is in specification even if the measured value falls outside.

Therefore, suppliers and customers should agree in advance in a method to resolve any issues that may arise. This document explains how to define default acceptance and rejection zones (i.e. decision rules) for verifying conformity or nonconformity with specifications.

It is not the intention of this document to consider any prior knowledge of the possible values of the measurand(s), e.g. the variability of the measured objects, which may influence the probability of making the correct decision on verification [in mathematical terms, an a priori unconstrained maximum entropy distribution (12) is assumed].