First edition 2009-12-15

Zinc coatings — Guidelines and recommendations for the protection against corrosion of iron and steel in structures —

Part 3: Sherardizing

Revêtements de zinc — Lignes directrices et recommandations pour la protection contre la corrosion du fer et de l'acier dans les constructions —

Partie 3: Shérardisation



Reference number ISO 14713-3:2009(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2009

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

Contents

Forewordiv		v
Introduction		v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Design for sherardizing General Surface preparation Design considerations Clearances of threaded components	2 2 3
5 5.1 5.2	Storage and transport General Recommendations for storage and transport	4
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Effects of article condition on quality of sherardizing Composition Surface condition Influence of steel surface roughness on the sherardized coating thickness Internal stresses in the base material Large objects and thick steels	4 5 5 5
7 7.1 7.2	Effect of sherardizing process on the article Processing circumstances Coating properties influenced by the sherardizing process	6
8	After-treatments	7
Bibliog	Bibliography	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 14713-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Hot dip coatings (galvanized, etc.)*.

This first edition, together with ISO 14713-1 and ISO 14713-2, cancels and replaces ISO 14713:1999, which has been technically revised.

ISO 14713 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Zinc coatings* — *Guidelines and recommendations for the protection against corrosion of iron and steel in structures*:

- Part 1: General principles of design and corrosion resistance
- Part 2: Hot dip galvanizing
- Part 3: Sherardizing

Introduction

Sherardizing is a thermal diffusion process in which articles are heated in the presence of a sherardizing mixture consisting of zinc dust with or without an inert material.

The process is carried out in a slowly rotating closed container at temperatures ranging from about 300 °C to 500 °C. The normal processing temperature is below the melting point of zinc (419 °C).

During the process, zinc/iron alloys are built up on the surface of the ferrous articles. A coating thickness of 10 μ m to 75 μ m (and higher if required) can be achieved. The coating thickness is accurately controlled by the amount of zinc dust, the processing time and temperature. The coating closely follows the contours of the basis material, and uniform coatings are produced on articles, including those of irregular shape.

After sherardizing, the containers are cooled down. A screening process separates the sherardized articles from the unused sherardizing mixture. The articles, with the zinc/iron-alloyed layer, are normally post-treated by phosphating, chromating or another suitable passivation process (conversion coating) resulting in a dust free and clean passivated surface.

Most steel and iron articles can be sherardized.