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# Natural gas — Natural gas for use as a compressed fuel for vehicles —

# Part 1: **Designation of the quality**

Gaz naturel — Gaz naturel pour usage comme carburant comprimé pour véhicules —

Partie 1: Désignation de la qualité



Reference number ISO 15403-1:2006(E)

## ISO 15403-1:2006(E)

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Cont	<b>ents</b>	age
Forewo	ord	iv
Introduction		v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Symbols and abbreviations	9
5	Gas composition requirements	10
6	Gas properties	11
7	Driveability	12
8	Test methods	12
9	Sampling	13
Annex	A (informative) Propane and butane content	14
Annex	B (informative) Wobbe index range	16
Annex	C (informative) Engine knock	18
Annex	D (informative) Methane number and octane number	19
Annex	E (informative) Water content of natural gas	22
Bibliod	raphy	23

## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15403-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 193, Natural gas.

This first edition of ISO 15403-1 cancels and replaces ISO 15403:2000, of which it constitutes a minor revision including the following changes:

- correction of the title to reflect that ISO 15403 is now formed of two parts;
- reformat the document in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Fifth edition, 2004;
- reformat the references cited in Clause 2 and in the Bibliography, in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Fifth edition, 2004.

ISO 15403 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Natural gas* — *Natural gas* for use as a compressed fuel for vehicles:

- Part 1: Designation of the quality
- Part 2: Specification of the quality (Technical Report)

# Introduction

Natural gas has been used to some extent as a fuel for internal combustion engines in compressor stations, co-generation systems, and vehicles of various types for many years now. However, the prerequisites for growth, i.e. economic viability and fuel availability, were generally not satisfied. Now, with the natural gas industry well established, supplying 20 % of the world's primary energy, and the need for alternative, low-emission fuels, the situation has improved considerably. During the past decade, natural gas vehicles have become a viable option with some five millions units now in use around the world. Growth is continuing as many governments actively promote this clean-burning fuel with its environmental benefits. Many fleet operators are converting their vehicles, and vehicle manufacturers are developing and marketing dedicated natural gas equipment.

In the context of this International Standard, natural gas vehicles (NGVs) utilize compressed natural gas stored "on-board". The pressure of the gas stored in multiple containers is up to a maximum 25 000 kPa. Although the pressure has to be reduced before combustion, compression and storage gives NGVs an adequate range. While NGVs were initially equipped with converted gasoline or diesel engines, high-performance, dedicated natural gas engines are now being extensively developed and produced. Liquefied natural gas (LNG) may also be stored in the fuel tanks of natural gas vehicles. This, however, will be the subject of a separate International Standard.

This part of ISO 15403 for the quality designation of compressed natural gas is designed to stipulate the international requirements placed on the natural gas used as a motor fuel. Engine and vehicle manufacturers must know these requirements so they can develop high-performance equipment which runs on compressed natural gas.

A technical report giving detailed data on the gas compositions used in this part of ISO 15403 is being published as ISO/TR 15403-2.