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Second edition
2014-04-01

Pulps — Determination of fibre length by automated optical analysis —

Part 1: Polarized light method

Pâtes — Détermination de la longueur de fibre par analyse optique automatisée —

Partie 1: Méthode de la lumière polarisée



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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 6, *Paper, board and pulps*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 16065-1:2001), of which it constitutes a minor revision with the following changes:

— a new precision statement that complies with the requirements of ISO/TR 24498 has been added.

ISO 16065 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Pulps — Determination of fibre length by automated optical analysis*:

- *Part 1: Polarized light method*
- *Part 2: Unpolarized light method*