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# **Industrial automation systems and integration — Manufacturing software capability profiling for interoperability —**

## **Part 3: Interface services, protocols and capability templates**

*Systèmes d'automatisation industrielle et intégration — Profil d'aptitude  
du logiciel de fabrication pour interopérabilité —*

*Partie 3: Services d'interface, protocoles et gabarits d'aptitude*



Reference number  
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## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Scope .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Normative references .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Terms and definitions .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3.1</b>	<b>ISO 16100-3 definitions .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3.2</b>	<b>Applicable definitions from ISO 16100-1 .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3.3</b>	<b>Applicable definitions from ISO 16100-2 .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Abbreviated terms .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Manufacturing software information model and profile .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5.1</b>	<b>Manufacturing activity and information exchange model .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5.2</b>	<b>Manufacturing software unit .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>5.3</b>	<b>Matching capability profiles .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>5.3.1</b>	<b>General .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>5.3.2</b>	<b>Type 1 Matcher .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>5.3.3</b>	<b>Type 2 Matcher .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>5.4</b>	<b>Interface service definition .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Capability profile interface, service, and protocol .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>6.1</b>	<b>Capability profile service usage .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>6.1.1</b>	<b>Capability profile access .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>6.1.2</b>	<b>Matching of two capability profiles .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>6.1.3</b>	<b>Service set Type 1 primitives .....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>6.1.4</b>	<b>Common management services for the capability profiling and analysis process .....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>6.1.5</b>	<b>Validation of capability profiles .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>6.2</b>	<b>Protocol specifications .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>6.2.1</b>	<b>Service URL syntax .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>6.2.2</b>	<b>Type 1 service protocol .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>6.2.3</b>	<b>Common management service protocol .....</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>6.2.4</b>	<b>Type 2 and Type 3 service protocols .....</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Templates .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>7.1</b>	<b>Overall structure .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>7.1.1</b>	<b>General .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>7.1.2</b>	<b>Formal structure .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>7.2</b>	<b>Common part .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>7.2.1</b>	<b>General .....</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>7.2.2</b>	<b>Formal structure .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>7.3</b>	<b>Specific part .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>7.4</b>	<b>Usage of Templates .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Conformance .....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A.1</b>	<b>General capability profile template .....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>A.1.1</b>	<b>Filled template .....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>A.1.2</b>	<b>Common part sample .....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>A.2</b>	<b>Manufacturing capability class structure .....</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>A.2.1</b>	<b>Sample of a reference class structure using XML syntax .....</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>A.2.2</b>	<b>Example of a requirement capability profile .....</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>A.2.3</b>	<b>Example of a capability profile of a MSU .....</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>A.2.4</b>	<b>Matching a required capability profile with one of a MSU .....</b>	<b>29</b>

**ISO 16100-3:2005(E)**

<b>A.3</b>	<b>Capability class structure for a test unit .....</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>A.3.1</b>	<b>Sample of a reference class structure using XML syntax .....</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>A.3.2</b>	<b>Example of a requirement capability profile .....</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>A.3.3</b>	<b>Example of a capability profile of a MSU.....</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>B.1</b>	<b>Capability class diagram and object model .....</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>B.2</b>	<b>Capability collaboration diagram .....</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>C.1</b>	<b>Software unit for Data Analysis and Visualization (DAV) .....</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>C.2</b>	<b>Services — Offering common functions .....</b>	<b>52</b>
<b>C.3</b>	<b>Items — The communicated objects .....</b>	<b>52</b>
<b>C.4</b>	<b>Software components — The functional modules of a software unit .....</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>C.5</b>	<b>Setting up a software unit.....</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>C.6</b>	<b>Example of communicated objects.....</b>	<b>58</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16100-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 184, *Industrial automation systems and integration*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Architecture, communications and integration frameworks*.

ISO 16100 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Industrial automation systems and integration — Manufacturing software capability profiling for interoperability*:

- *Part 1: Framework*
- *Part 2: Profiling methodology*
- *Part 3: Interface services, protocols and capability templates*

In addition, the following part is envisaged:

- *Part 4: Conformance test methods, criteria and reports*

## ISO 16100-3:2005(E)

### Introduction

The motivation for ISO 16100 stems from the industrial and economic environment, in particular:

- a) a growing base of vendor-specific software intensive solutions;
- b) increasing user difficulty in applying independently-developed standards;
- c) a need to move to modular and interoperable sets of system integration tools;
- d) a recognition that application software and the expertise to apply that software are assets of the enterprise.

This part of ISO 16100 is an International Standard for the computer-interpretable and human readable representation of a capability profile. Its goal is to provide a method to represent the capability of manufacturing application software relative to its role throughout the life cycle of a manufacturing application, independent of a particular system architecture or implementation platform.

Certain diagrams in this part of ISO 16100 are constructed following UML conventions. Because not all concepts embodied in these diagrams are explained in the text, some familiarity with UML on the part of the reader is assumed.

In this part of the ISO 16100, references to classes (objects) and services use a specific naming convention as shown in the following examples:

- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <i>ServiceAccessPoint</i> | a service access point object                |
| <i>registerProfile</i>    | a service primitive for profile registration |