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Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits — Ultrasonic meters for gas —

Part 1:

Meters for custody transfer and allocation measurement

Mesurage du débit des fluides dans les conduites fermées — Compteurs à ultrasons pour gaz —

Partie 1: Compteurs pour transactions commerciales et allocations



ISO 17089-1:2019(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 30, *Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Velocity and mass methods*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 17089-1:2010), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- Clause 3 has been revised;
- Formulae have been corrected throughout the document;
- editorial and terminological changes throughout the document;

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Ultrasonic meters (USMs) for gas flow measurement have penetrated the market for meters rapidly since 2000 and have become one of the prime flowmeter concepts for operational use as well as custody transfer and allocation measurement. Next to the high repeatability and high accuracy, ultrasonic technology has inherent features like: negligible pressure loss; high rangeability; and the capability to handle pulsating flows.

USMs can deliver extended diagnostic information through which it may be possible to demonstrate the functionality of an USM. Also, the measured speed of sound of the USM may be compared with the speed of sound calculated from pressure, temperature, and gas composition, to check the mutual consistency of the four instruments involved. Due to the extended diagnostic capabilities, this document advocates the addition and use of automated diagnostics instead of labour-intensive quality checks.

This document focuses on meters for custody transfer and allocation measurement (class 1 and class 2 meters). Meters for industrial gas applications, such as utilities and process, as well as flare gas and vent measurement, is the subject of ISO 17089-2.

Typical performance factors of the classification scheme are:

| Class | Typical applications | Required accuracy class | Reference |
|-------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Custody transfer | class 0.5 or class 1.0 | This document |
| 2 | Allocation | class 1.5 | This document |
| 3 | Utilities and process | | ISO 17089-2 |
| 4 | Flare gas and vent gas | | ISO 17089-2 |

Typical configurations for class 1 and class 2 meters are multi-path meters with chords at different radial positions.

Typical configurations for class 3 and class 4 meters are single-path meters, meters with only diametrical paths, insertion type meters, household type, stack or chimney type, and flare type meters.