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Wear of implant materials — Polymer and metal wear particles — Isolation and characterization

Usure des matériaux d'implant — Particules d'usure des polymères et des métaux — Isolation et caractérisation



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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
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Foreword

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ISO 17853 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Bone and joint replacements*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 17853:2010), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

Introduction

The biological responses to wear particles contribute to the failure of joint implants through bone resorption and consequent implant loosening. A standardized method of particle retrieval from the tissues followed by particle characterization is necessary to ensure that the investigations of wear particle effects have a uniform approach. The characterization of the particles generated from implants in joint simulators also provides valuable information on the wear properties and performance of the implant being studied.

In the protocols included in this International Standard, for isolation and characterization of particles from both tissues or test fluids from joint simulators, the particles are isolated and then dispersed using filtration or embedding in resin for scanning electron microscopy (SEM) or transmission electron microscopy (TEM) analysis. An alternative protocol for isolation and characterization of metal particles from implants tested in joint simulators has recently been developed in which the particles are deposited on to wafers for SEM analysis, without filtration or embedding^[1]. At the time of publication of this International Standard, this alternative method has not been tested for isolation and characterization of particles from tissues and no direct comparison between the different methods is available. Therefore, the latter method has not been included in detail.