

Fifth edition 2023-06

# Plastics — Determination of Izod impact strength

Plastiques — Détermination de la résistance au choc Izod



#### ISO 180:2023(E)

This is a preview of "ISO 180:2023". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.



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Published in Switzerland

Contents			Page
Fore	eword		iv
Introduction			v
1	Scor	De	1
2	-	Normative references	
3			
4		Principle	
5	•		
	<b>App</b> 5.1	aratus Test machine	
	5.2	Micrometers and gauges	
6	Test specimens		
	6.1	Preparation	3
		6.1.1 Moulding and extrusion compounds	
		6.1.2 Sheets	6
		6.1.3 Long-fibre-reinforced materials	
		6.1.4 Checking	
	6.2	6.1.5 Notching Anisotropy	
	6.3	Shape and dimensions	
	0.0	6.3.1 General	
		6.3.2 Moulding and extrusion compounds	
		6.3.3 Sheet materials, including long-fibre-reinforced materials	
	6.4	Number of test specimens	
	6.5	Conditioning	
7		cedure	
8	Calculation and expression of results		
	8.1	Unnotched specimens	
	8.2 8.3	Notched specimensStatistical parameters	
	8.4	Significant figures	
9		cision	
10	Test report		
Annex A (informative) Precision statement			
Riblingraphy			4.4

#### **Foreword**

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Mechanical behavior*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 249, *Plastics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 180:2019), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- results of an interlaboratory test for unnotched specimens (see <u>Annex A</u>) have been added;
- reference to standard ISO 16012 (see the Bibliography and <u>5.2</u>) has been added;
- symbols used in <u>Formulae (1)</u> and <u>(2)</u> have been reviewed and updated;
- method designation in <u>Clause 10</u> b) have been reviewed and updated.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

## Introduction

The Izod impact strength determination method is suitable for use with the following range of materials:

- rigid thermoplastic moulding and extrusion materials, including filled and reinforced compounds in addition to unfilled types; rigid thermoplastics sheets;
- rigid thermosetting moulding materials, including filled and reinforced compounds; rigid thermosetting sheets, including laminates;
- fibre-reinforced thermosetting and thermoplastic composites incorporating unidirectional or non-unidirectional reinforcements such as mat, woven fabrics, woven rovings, chopped strands, combination and hybrid reinforcements, rovings and milled fibres and sheet made from preimpregnated materials (prepregs);
- thermotropic liquid-crystal polymers.

The method is not normally suitable for use with rigid cellular materials and sandwich structures containing cellular material. Notched specimens are also not normally used for long-fibre-reinforced composites or thermotropic liquid-crystal polymers.

The method is suited to the use of specimens which can be either moulded to the chosen dimensions, machined from the central portion of a standard multipurpose test specimen (see ISO 20753) or machined from finished or semi-finished products such as mouldings, laminates and extruded or cast sheet.