First edition 2006-08-15

Ophthalmic optics — Contact lenses —

Part 4:

Physicochemical properties of contact lens materials

Optique ophtalmique — Lentilles de contact —

Partie 4: Propriétés physicochimiques des matériaux des lentilles de contact



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO 2006

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents		Page
Fore	word	iv
Introduction		v
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Physicochemical properties of contact lenses	
4.1	Repeatability, test methods and units of measure	
4.2	Extractables	2
4.3	Rigid lens flexural deformation and rupture	
4.4	Oxygen permeability	8
4.5	Refractive index	24
4.6	Water content	
5	Test report	29
Biblio	ography	30

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 18369-4 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Ophthalmic optics and instruments*.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 9913-1:1996, ISO 9913-2:2000, ISO 9914:1995, ISO 10339:1997, ISO 10340:1995 and ISO 11984:1999, which have been technically revised.

ISO 18369 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Ophthalmic optics* — *Contact lenses*:

- Part 1: Vocabulary, classification system and recommendations for labelling specifications
- Part 2: Tolerances
- Part 3: Measurement methods
- Part 4: Physicochemical properties of contact lens materials

Introduction

The ISO 18369 series applies to contact lenses, which are devices worn over the front surface of the eye in contact with the preocular tear film. This part of ISO 18369 covers rigid (hard) corneal and scleral contact lenses, as well as soft contact lenses. Rigid lenses maintain their own shape unsupported and are made of transparent optical-grade plastics, such as polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA), cellulose acetate butyrate (CAB), polyacrylate/siloxane copolymers, rigid polysiloxanes (silicone resins), butylstyrenes, fluoropolymers, and fluorosiloxanes, etc. Soft contact lenses are easily deformable and require support for proper shape. A very large subset of soft contact lenses consists of transparent hydrogels containing water in concentrations greater than 10 %. Soft contact lenses can also be made of non-hydrogel materials, e.g. flexible polysiloxanes (silicone elastomers).

The ISO 18369 series is applicable to determining allowable tolerances of parameters and properties important for proper functioning of contact lenses as optical devices. The ISO 18369 includes tolerances for single vision contact lenses, bifocal lenses, lenses that alter the flux density and/or spectral composition of transmitted visible light (tinted or pigmented contact lenses, such as those with enhancing, handling, and/or opaque tints), and lenses that significantly attenuate ultraviolet radiation (UV-absorbing lenses). The ISO 18369 series of standards covers contact lenses designed with spherical, toric, and aspheric surfaces, and recommended methods for the specification of contact lenses.