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# Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel —

# Part 7: Thermography

Surveillance et diagnostic d'état des machines — Exigences relatives à la qualification et à l'évaluation du personnel —

Partie 7: Thermographie



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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 18436-7 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 108, *Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines*.

ISO 18436 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines* — *Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel*:

- Part 1: Requirements for certifying bodies and the certification process
- Part 2: Vibration condition monitoring and diagnostics
- Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process
- Part 4: Field lubricant analysis
- Part 5: Lubricant laboratory technician/analyst
- Part 6: Acoustic emission
- Part 7: Thermography

#### Introduction

Using thermography to monitor condition and diagnose faults in machinery is a key activity in predictive maintenance programmes for most industries. Other non-intrusive technologies including vibration analysis, acoustic emission, lubricant analysis, and motor current analysis are used as complementary condition analysis tools. Those in the manufacturing industry who have diligently and consistently applied these techniques have experienced a return on investment far exceeding their expectations. However, the effectiveness of these programmes depends on the capabilities of individuals who perform the measurements and analyse the data.

A programme, administered by an assessment body, has been developed to train and assess the competence of personnel whose duties require the appropriate theoretical and practical knowledge of machinery monitoring and diagnostics.

This part of ISO 18436 defines the requirements against which personnel in the non-intrusive machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics technologies associated with infrared thermography for machinery condition monitoring are to be qualified and the methods of assessing such personnel.