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Geographic information — Conformance and testing

Information géographique — Conformité et essais



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 211, *Geographic information/Geomatics*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 287, *Geographic Information*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 19105:2000), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the document has been reformatted to have a modular structure;
- conformance testing requirements have been added for modular specification;
- dependency relationships have been introduced among conformance classes;
- three-valued logic is supported on the overall result evaluation;
- the statements on process are omitted, leaving freedom for implementers.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

The scope of ISO/TC 211 is standardization in the field of digital geographic information. This work aims at establishing a structured set of International Standards for information concerning objects or phenomena that are directly or indirectly associated with a location relative to the Earth. These International Standards can specify, for geographic information, methods, tools and services for data management (including definition and description). They can also specify the acquisition, processing, analysing, accessing, presentation and transferring of such data in digital/electronic form between different users, systems and locations. The work will be linked to appropriate International Standards for information technology and data, where possible, and provide a framework for the development of sector-specific applications using geographic data.

This document is based on concepts defined in ISO International Standards which describe conformance and testing. Certain components of the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) modular specification,^[2] including requirements, requirements classes, abstract test cases and conformance classes, are also used in this document. While the framework of conformance testing described in these documents is also used in this document, some concepts have been modified for use in this particular domain.

Conformance testing does not include robustness testing, acceptance testing and performance testing, because the family of documents on geographic information does not establish requirements for these areas.

Conformance testing tests a candidate product according to normative requirements which are required to be satisfied by passing the tests of the abstract test suite. These abstract test cases are organized into conformance classes in a modular structure, each of which represents a mechanism for partial satisfaction of the International Standard in terms of the corresponding requirements class.

In the practical sense, it is very important to be able to ensure good quality in testing and conformance with the relevant requirement(s). This can be achieved via traceability and perhaps even with a traceability matrix where the requirement and the test result are correlated.

It is recommended that all applicable International Standards regarding geographic information and the relevant application domains follow the formatting for requirements used in this document.

The name and contact information of the Maintenance Agency for this document can be found at www.iso.org/maintenance_agencies.