Space data and information transfer systems — Spacecraft Onboard Interface Systems — Low Data-Rate Wireless Communications for Spacecraft Monitoring and Control

Systèmes de transfert des informations et données spatiales — Services d’interfaces à bord des véhicules spatiaux — Communication sans fil à faible débit de données pour la surveillance et le contrôle des véhicules spatiaux
Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 20205 was prepared by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) (as CCSDS 882.0-M-1, May 2013) and was adopted (without modifications except those stated in clause 2 of this International Standard) by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, Aircraft and space vehicles, Subcommittee SC 13, Space data and information transfer systems.