Second edition
2019-02

Thermal spraying — Zinc, aluminium and their alloys —

Part 1: Design considerations and quality requirements for corrosion protection systems

Projection thermique — Zinc, aluminium et alliages de ces métaux —

Partie 1: Considérations de conception et exigences de qualité pour les systèmes de protection contre la corrosion

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 2063-1:2017), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

The changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

— Table C.1 has been corrected;

— citations for Annex E, Annex F and Annex G have been added in the text.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 2063 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

In order to protect iron- and steel-based structures (e.g. for steel construction, bridge construction, steel structures for water construction, onshore and offshore wind energy constructions, petrol and natural gas industry) against corrosion, protective coatings are usually deposited. Corresponding to type, shape and required functionality of the part, numerous procedures are available. The deposition of corrosion protection coatings or coating systems can be done by applying hot-dip galvanizing, organic coatings or thermal spraying of zinc, aluminium and their alloys. Using combinations of metallic and organic coatings, duplex corrosion protection coating systems can be produced.

Thermal-sprayed corrosion protection coatings made of zinc, aluminium and their alloys can be sprayed onto all steels which make up the components used in the relevant industrial application. This may be carried out on-site, as well as in the workshop, regardless of the article's size. Due to the usually low heat input into the surface of the part, only a slight thermal loading of the substrate occurs, so that changes in steel properties and deformation of the part do not occur.

Corrosion protection coatings can be used as repairs or rework of defects of other coatings (e.g. uncoated hot-dip zinc galvanized areas) or worn coatings where thermal spraying can be applied on the spot. Due to relative low investment costs, thermal spraying can also be economically applied for single parts.

The ISO 2063 series applies to thermal-sprayed metallic coatings to protect iron and steel against corrosion by deposition of zinc, aluminium or their alloys onto the uncoated surface to be protected.

This document targets designers of components. It covers the planning engineering of the corrosion protection system and deals with the basic rules for planning of corrosion protection systems and for the constructive design of the components to be protected, if the protection system is based upon a thermal-sprayed metallic coating.

ISO 2063-2 targets manufacturers of corrosion protection systems. It deals with the requirements for the execution of the corrosion protection works by thermal spraying in the workshop and on-site.