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Pesticides and other agrochemicals — Principles for the selection of common names

Produits phytosanitaires et assimilés — Principes pour le choix des noms communs



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 257 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 81, Common names for pesticides and other agrochemicals.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 257:1988), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

This International Standard contains principles for the construction of common names for pesticides and other agrochemicals. The intention is to create short, distinctive, easily pronounced names, which will be common to all languages, as far as is possible. This International Standard contains recommended names for common ions and radicals, as well as recommended stems for different chemical structures. Therefore the common name should reflect any relationship with chemicals of a similar structure. However, it is important to avoid confusion between common names and existing names, whether they are other common names, trade names or chemical names. Recommendations on how to name isomers, salts, esters, etc. are also included.

These principles are defined for the guidance of proposers of such common names and for the operation of ISO/TC 81.