

This is a preview of "ISO 542:1990". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

STANDARD

ISO

Second edition
1990-10-01

Oilseeds — Sampling

Graines oléagineuses — Échantillonnage



Reference number
ISO 542:1990(E)

This is a preview of "ISO 542:1990". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 542 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Agricultural food products*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 542:1980), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

© ISO 1990

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization
Case Postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

This is a preview of "ISO 542:1990". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

Introduction

Most oilseeds are marketed on the basis of the result of analysis of the samples, and disputes are invariably settled by reference to the samples, so that careless or inaccurate sampling could lead to misunderstanding, delay and unwarranted financial adjustments.

Correct sampling is a difficult process and one that requires the most careful attention. Emphasis cannot therefore be too strongly laid on the necessity of obtaining a representative sample of oilseeds for analysis.

The procedures given in this International Standard are recognized as good practice and it is strongly recommended that they be followed whenever practicable.