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Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Datums and datum systems

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) — Tolérancement géométrique — Références spécifiées et systèmes de références spécifiées



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 5459 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213, Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 5459:1981), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

ISO 5459 is a geometrical product specification (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a general GPS standard (see ISO/TR 14638). It influences the chain links 1 to 3 of the chain of standards on datums.

The ISO/GPS Masterplan given in ISO/TR 14638 gives an overview of the ISO/GPS system of which this standard is a part. The fundamental rules of ISO/GPS given in ISO 8015 apply to this standard and the default decision rules given in ISO 14253-1 apply to specifications made in accordance with this standard unless otherwise indicated.

For more detailed information of the relation of this International Standard to the GPS matrix model, see Annex G.

For the definitive presentation (proportions and dimensions) of symbols for geometrical tolerancing, see ISO 7083.

The previous version of ISO 5459 dealt only with planes, cylinders and spheres being used as datums. There is a need to consider all types of surfaces, which are increasingly used in industry. The definitions of classes of surfaces as given in Annex B are exhaustive and unambiguous.

This edition of ISO 5459 applies new concepts and terms that have not been used in previous ISO GPS standards. These concepts are described in detail in ISO/TR 14638, ISO 17450-1 and ISO 17450-2; therefore, it is recommended to refer to these standards when using ISO 5459.

This International Standard provides tools to express location or orientation constraints, or both, for a tolerance zone. It does not provide information about the relationship between datums or datum systems and functional requirements or applications.