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Implants for surgery — Metallic materials —

Part 4: Cobalt-chromium-molybdenum casting alloy

Implants chirurgicaux — Produits à base de métaux — Partie 4: Alliage à couler à base de cobalt, de chrome et de molybdène





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Materials*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 5832-4:1996), which has been technically revised.

ISO 5832 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Implants for surgery* — *Metallic materials*:

- Part 1: Wrought stainless steel
- Part 2: Unalloyed titanium
- Part 3: Wrought titanium 6-aluminium 4-vanadium alloy
- Part 4: Cobalt-chromium-molybdenum casting alloy
- Part 5: Wrought cobalt-chromium-tungsten-nickel alloy
- Part 6: Wrought cobalt-nickel-chromium-molybdenum alloy
- Part 7: Forgeable and cold-formed cobalt-chromium-nickel-molybdenum-iron alloy
- Part 8: Wrought cobalt-nickel-chromium-molybdenum-tungsten-iron alloy
- Part 9: Wrought high nitrogen stainless steel
- Part 11: Wrought titanium 6-aluminium 7-niobium alloy
- Part 12: Wrought cobalt-chromium-molybdenum alloy
- Part 14: Wrought titanium 15-molybdenum 5-zirconium 3-aluminium alloy

Introduction

No known surgical implant material has ever been shown to cause absolutely no adverse reactions in the human body. However, long-term clinical experience of the use of the material referred to in this part of ISO 5832 has shown that an acceptable level of biological response can be expected, when the material is used in appropriate applications.