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Calculation of load capacity of spur and helical gears —

Part 1:

Basic principles, introduction and general influence factors

Calcul de la capacité de charge des engrenages cylindriques à dentures droite et hélicoïdale —

Partie 1: Principes de base, introduction et facteurs généraux d'influence



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6336-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 60, *Gears*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Gear capacity calculation*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6336-1:1996), Clauses 6, 7 and 9 of which have been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendments ISO 6336-1:1996/Cor.1:1998 and ISO 6336-1:1996/Cor.2:1999.

ISO 6336 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Calculation of load capacity of spur and helical gears*:

- *Part 1: Basic principles, introduction and general influence factors*
- *Part 2: Calculation of surface durability (pitting)*
- *Part 3: Calculation of tooth bending strength*
- *Part 5: Strength and quality of materials*
- *Part 6: Calculation of service life under variable load*

This corrected version incorporates the following corrections:

- the lines in Figure 17 have been corrected;
- Figure 19 has been replaced with the correct figure for the wheel blank factor;
- in Equation (90), C_R has been inserted;
- missing parentheses have been added in Equation (B.2);
- the cross-reference following Equation (D.9) has been changed to correspond to that Equation.

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Introduction

This and the other parts of ISO 6336 provide a coherent system of procedures for the calculation of the load capacity of cylindrical involute gears with external or internal teeth. ISO 6336 is designed to facilitate the application of future knowledge and developments, also the exchange of information gained from experience.

Design considerations to prevent fractures emanating from stress raisers in the tooth flank, tip chipping and failures of the gear blank through the web or hub will need to be analyzed by general machine design methods.

Several methods for the calculation of load capacity, as well as for the calculation of various factors, are permitted (see 4.1.12). The directions in ISO 6336 are thus complex, but also flexible.

Included in the formulae are the major factors which are presently known to affect gear tooth pitting and fractures at the root fillet. The formulae are in a form that will permit the addition of new factors to reflect knowledge gained in the future.