Second edition 2013-11-01

Internal combustion engines — Piston rings —

Part 2: **Rectangular rings made of steel**

Moteurs à combustion interne — Segments de piston — Partie 2: Segments rectangulaires en acier





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 22, Road vehicles.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6622-2:2003), which has been technically revised.

ISO 6622 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Internal combustion engines — Piston rings*:

- Part 1: Rectangular rings made of cast iron
- Part 2: Regular rings made of steel

Introduction

The ISO 6622 series is one of a number of series of International Standards dealing with piston rings for reciprocating internal combustion engines. Others are ISO 6621,[2] [3] [4] [5] ISO 6623,[6] ISO 6624,[7] [8] [9] [10] ISO 6625, ISO 6626,[12] [13] [14] and ISO 6627[15] (see Bibliography for details).

The common features and dimensional tables presented in this part of ISO 6622 constitute a broad range of variables and, in selecting a particular ring type, the designer must bear in mind the conditions under which it will be required to operate.

It is also essential that the designer refer to the specifications and requirements of ISO 6621-3 and ISO 6621-4 before completing his selection.