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Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Hand torque tools —

Part 2: Requirements for calibration and determination of measurement uncertainty

*Outils de manoeuvre pour vis et écrous — Outils dynamométriques à
commande manuelle —*

*Partie 2: Exigences d'étalonnage et détermination de l'incertitude
de mesure*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts, pliers and nippers*.

This first edition of ISO 6789-2, together with ISO 6789-1, cancels and replaces ISO 6789:2003 which has been technically revised with changes as follows.

- a) ISO 6789:2003 has been divided into two parts. ISO 6789:2003 has become ISO 6789-1 which specifies the requirements for design and manufacture including the content of a declaration of conformance. This document specifies the requirements for traceable certificates of calibration. It includes a method for calculation of uncertainties and provides a method for calibration of the torque measurement device used for calibrating hand torque tools.
- b) This document includes detailed methods for calculation of the uncertainty budget which shall be performed for each individual tool.
- c) This document includes example calculations that are provided for different types of torque tool.
- d) [Annex C](#) provides requirements for calibrating the torque measurement device where the calibration laboratory does not utilize a national standard giving such requirements.

A list of all parts in the ISO 6789 series can be found on the ISO website.

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Introduction

The revision of ISO 6789:2003 has been designed to achieve the following improvements.

ISO 6789 has been split to provide two levels of documentation. It recognizes the different needs of different users of the standard.

ISO 6789-1 continues to provide designers and manufacturers with relevant minimum requirements for the development, production and documentation of hand torque tools.

This document provides detailed methods for calculation of uncertainties and requirements for calibrations. This will allow users of calibration services to more easily compare the calibrations from different laboratories. Additionally, minimum requirements for the calibration of torque measurement devices are described in [Annex C](#).

The purpose of this document is to define the requirements for a calibration in which the sources of uncertainty are evaluated and used to define the range of values within which the readings probably fall. Additional uncertainties may exist in the use of the torque tool. The evaluation of uncertainties for each individual tool is time-consuming and where there are sufficient data to estimate the Type B uncertainty components by statistical means, it is acceptable to use these values for a given model of torque tool, providing that the uncertainty components are subject to periodic review.