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Acoustics — Requirements for the performance and calibration of reference sound sources used for the determination of sound power levels

Acoustique — Prescriptions relatives aux performances et à l'étalonnage des sources sonores de référence pour la détermination des niveaux de puissance acoustique



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Noise*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6926:1999), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- the clause on measurement uncertainty has been updated with stricter reference to ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 and moved backwards in the standard to be more in line with ISO 3745;
- the corrections for meteorological conditions have been brought in line with ISO 3745 and a new [Annex A](#) on the acoustic radiation impedance correction has been introduced;
- an alternative method using sound intensity for low frequency calibration in hemi-anechoic rooms not fully qualified for low frequencies has been introduced in a new [Annex B](#).

Introduction

Reference sound sources are used extensively in “comparison methods” for determining the noise emissions of physically stationary sound sources. A reference sound source, of known sound power output, is used to establish the numerical relationship between the sound power level of a source, in a given location in a given acoustic environment and the space- and time-averaged sound pressure level at a set of microphone positions. Once that relationship is established, it is straightforward to measure the average sound pressure level produced by an “unknown source” and to determine the sound power level produced by that source.

This International Standard defines the important physical and performance characteristics of reference sound sources and specifies procedures for their calibration, primarily to determine the sound power level of other sound sources.

This International Standard supplements a group or family of International Standards, the ISO 3740 group, which describes various methods for determining the sound power levels of machines and equipment. This group of International Standards specifies the acoustical requirements for measurements that are appropriate for different test environments.

Five International Standards in the ISO 3740 group include procedures in which a reference sound source is used: ISO 3741, ISO 3743-1, ISO 3744, ISO 3746 and ISO 3747. ISO 3740 gives guidelines for the use of all the International Standards in the group.

Note that the sound power output of reference sound sources will vary, in particular at low frequencies, with the distance from the source to nearby reflecting planes. Sound power data of reference sound sources are thus valid only for the position used during the calibration.

In addition to being useful for determining sound power levels by the comparison method, reference sound sources can be used for qualification tests on an acoustic environment and to estimate the influence of an acoustic environment on the sound pressure levels produced by one or more sound sources located in that environment. Examples of International Standards referring to reference sound sources with these applications are ISO/TR 11690-3 and ISO 14257. Requirements other than those of this International Standard can be applicable in these cases.