Second edition 2002-08-01

General methods of test for pigments and extenders —

Part 13:

Determination of water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates

Méthodes générales d'essai des pigments et matières de charge —

Partie 13: Détermination des sulfates, chlorures et nitrates solubles dans l'eau



Reference number ISO 787-13:2002(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

© ISO 2002

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.ch
Web www.iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

Contents		Page	
	Scope		
2	Normative reference	1	
	Reagents		
	Apparatus		
	Sampling		
6	Determination of sulfates	2	
7	Determination of chlorides	3	
8	Determination of nitrates	3	
9	Test report	4	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 787 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 787-13 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pigments and extenders*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 787-13:1973), of which it constitutes a minor (editorial) revision.

ISO 787 consists of the following parts, under the general title General methods of test for pigments and extenders:

- Part 1: Comparison of colour of pigments
- Part 2: Determination of matter volatile at 105 °C
- Part 3: Determination of matter soluble in water Hot extraction method
- Part 4: Determination of acidity or alkalinity of the aqueous extract
- Part 5: Determination of oil absorption value
- Part 7: Determination of residue on sieve Water method Manual procedure
- Part 8: Determination of matter soluble in water Cold extraction method
- Part 9: Determination of pH value of an aqueous suspension
- Part 10: Determination of density Pyknometer method
- Part 11: Determination of tamped volume and apparent density after tamping
- Part 13: Determination of water-soluble sulfates, chlorides and nitrates
- Part 14: Determination of resistivity of aqueous extract
- Part 15: Comparison of resistance to light of coloured pigments of similar types
- Part 16: Determination of relative tinting strength (or equivalent colouring value) and colour on reduction of coloured pigments — Visual comparison method
- Part 17: Comparison of lightening power of white pigments
- Part 18: Determination of residue on sieve Mechanical flushing procedure
- Part 19: Determination of water-soluble nitrates (Salicylic acid method)
- Part 21: Comparison of heat stability of pigments using a stoving medium
- Part 22: Comparison of resistance to bleeding of pigments

- Part 23: Determination of density (using a centrifuge to remove entrained air)
- Part 24: Determination of relative tinting strength of coloured pigments and relative scattering power of white pigments — Photometric methods
- Part 25: Comparison of the colour, in full-shade systems, of white, black and coloured pigments Colorimetric method