Second edition 2018-11

# Sterile hypodermic syringes for single use —

Part 4: **Syringes with re-use prevention feature** 

Seringues hypodermiques stériles, non réutilisables — Partie 4: Seringues avec dispositif empêchant la réutilisation



#### ISO 7886-4:2018(E)

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 84, *Devices for administration of medicinal products and catheters*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 7886-4:2006), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- terminology in Introduction is clarified;
- general reference update (Normative references, Bibliography and main body of the text);
- definitions for "active activation" and "auto-disable feature" added;
- test of syringes: Harmonized definitions with ISO 7886-3 and clarified text;
- Figure 1 is removed and substituted with a reference to the figure in ISO 7886-1;
- barrel dimension the additional 20 % capacity is removed;
- dimensions in design section are clarified;
- alignment with ISO 7886-1 and ISO 7886-3;
- subclause 15.5, Guidance on material, has been removed;
- Figure 3 (safety box) is removed;
- Annex C is deleted.

A list of all parts in the ISO 7886 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

## Introduction

The preparation of this document was recognized as a high priority requirement to prevent intentional (misuse) or accidental reuse of syringes. Re-use of injection equipment in the absence of sterilization has increasingly led to transmission of blood-borne pathogens. See Reference [5] in the Bibliography.

The World Health Organisation (WHO) had produced a specification for syringes that are rendered inactive after use [commonly referred to as "auto-disable" (AD) syringes] for both fixed dose immunization and syringes with re-use prevention features for general/curative purposes and the reconstitution of vaccines. For the purpose of this document, auto disabled is used for the feature of type 1 re-use prevention which operates automatically during or upon completion of the intended single use. Both the WHO and ISO agreed that additional parts of ISO 7886 would be required to cover syringes with re-use prevention features, while leaving in place ISO 7886-1 and ISO 7886-2 without modification, as a large number of devices in common use would not be intended to comply with the re-use prevention properties suggested.

This document is intended to cover syringes that are rendered inoperable, either during or upon completion or after delivery of the intended dose. These syringes are not covered by ISO 7886-1 and ISO 7886-3. ISO 7886-2 covers syringes used with power-driven pumps. Given the diversity of clinical applications, the most appropriate re-use prevention feature offering the highest level of re-use prevention is to be considered for each specific intended use.

It is recognized that syringes designed to reduce the risk of needle-stick injuries can also comply with this document with regard to their re-use prevention properties, but it is stressed that anti-needle-stick properties of syringes are not in themselves addressed in this document.

Guidance on transition periods for implementing the requirements of this document is given in ISO/TR 19244.