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## **Reciprocating internal combustion engines — Exhaust emission measurement —**

### **Part 4: Steady-state and transient test cycles for different engine applications**

*Moteurs alternatifs à combustion interne — Mesurage des émissions de gaz d'échappement —*

*Partie 4: Cycles d'essai à l'état stable et transitoires pour différentes applications des moteurs*



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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 70, *Reciprocating internal combustion engines*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Exhaust gas emission measurement*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 8178-4:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- amendment of the information regarding the determination of the background concentration;
- revision of particle number emission evaluation;
- addition of electrical equipment in the auxiliary table;

A list of all the parts in the ISO 8178 series, can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

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## Introduction

In comparison with engines for on-road applications, engines for non-road use are made in a much wider range of power output and configuration and are used in a great number of different applications.

The objective of this document is to rationalize the test procedures for non-road engines in order to simplify and make more cost effective the drafting of legislation, the development of engine specifications and the certification of engines to control gaseous and particulate emissions.

This document embraces three concepts in order to achieve the objectives.

The first principle is to group applications with similar engine operating characteristics in order to reduce the number of test cycles to a minimum, but ensure that the test cycles are representative of actual engine operation.

The second principle is to express the emissions results on the basis of brake power as defined in ISO 8178-1. This ensures that alternative engine applications do not result in a multiplicity of tests.

The third principle is the incorporation of an engine family concept in which engines with similar emission characteristics and of similar design may be represented by the highest emitting engine within the group.