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International Standard



8213

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling techniques — Solid chemical products in the form of particles varying from powders to coarse lumps

Produits chimiques à usage industriel — Techniques de l'échantillonnage — Produits chimiques solides de petite granulométrie et agglomérats grossiers

First edition — 1986-07-15

UDC 661 : 62-492 : 620.11

Ref. No. ISO 8213-1986 (E)

Descriptors : industrial products, chemical compounds, granular materials, sampling, sampling equipment.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 8213 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*.

Users should note that all International Standards undergo revision from time to time and that any reference made herein to any other International Standard implies its latest edition, unless otherwise stated.

Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling techniques — Solid chemical products in the form of particles varying from powders to coarse lumps

1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard describes the general techniques of taking and preparing samples with a view to the assessment of a solid chemical product lot, for use in conjunction with a previously established sampling plan (as described, for example, in ISO 6063 or ISO 6064).

This International Standard is applicable to solid chemical products, in particulate form, ranging from powders to coarse lumps with a maximum size of 100 mm, and consigned in containers (of, for example, 25, 50 or 100 kg) or in bulk.

Massive pieces and solids in a plastic are not dealt with in this International Standard.

NOTE — This International Standard should be used in conjunction with the vocabulary, given in ISO 6206.

2 References

ISO 565, *Test sieves — Woven metal wire cloth and perforated plate — Nominal sizes of apertures.*

ISO 607, *Surface active agents and detergents — Methods of sample division.*

ISO 2591, *Test sieving.*

ISO 3165, *Sampling of chemical products for industrial use — Safety in sampling.*

ISO 6206, *Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling — Vocabulary.*

3 Principle

Taking of a certain number of increments from the lot to be sampled.

Mixing of the increments to form either a bulk sample or several primary samples, depending on the purpose of the sampling.

Preparation by means of replicate reductions, from the bulk sample or from each primary sample, of a reduced sample, then of several laboratory samples, each stage of the division being preceded in each case by blending and, if necessary, by grinding and sieving of the product.

4 Apparatus

GENERAL REMARK — All the apparatus described below must be made of materials inert to the product to be sampled. Moreover, apparatus must cause no contamination, segregation or loss of product.

4.1 Apparatus for sampling and constitution of samples

It is essential that sampling apparatus exhibits only a small systematic error.

Four main types of apparatus can be used, according to circumstances :

4.1.1 Scoop sampler

A scoop of appropriate shape and dimensions, depending on the nature of the product to be sampled, may be used as follows :

- when the material is homogeneous, to take an increment at an easily accessible point in the sampling unit;
- when the material is not homogeneous, to take a sample by the so-called "alternate division" method;