Second edition 2007-06-01

Corrected version 2008-11-01

Ergonomics of the thermal environment — Estimation of thermal insulation and water vapour resistance of a clothing ensemble

Ergonomie des ambiances thermiques — Détermination de l'isolement thermique et de la résistance à l'évaporation d'une tenue vestimentaire



Reference number ISO 9920:2007(E)

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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 9920 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 159, *Ergonomics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Ergonomics* of the physical environment.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9920:1995), which has been technically revised. It includes major changes to the sections on clothing vapour resistance as well as those dealing with the effects of air movement and body motion on clothing insulation and vapour resistance.

This corrected version of ISO 9920:2007 incorporates the following corrections.

- A value and a symbol missing from Equation (38) have been reinstated.
- In Equation (15), the multiplication symbol has been substituted for an (incorrect) asterisk.
- In Figure A.1, traditional Korean garments erroneously captioned "China" and "Sokchina" have been corrected to read Chima and Sokchima.
- In Equation (F.8), the subscript of the second representation of " I_{cl} " has been changed to I_{cli} .
- In the description of symbol H given with Equation (F.1), the minus sign missing from the superscript attached to the unit W·m⁻² has been inserted.
- "Mean skin temperature", given as the description for \bar{t}_{cl} with Equation (G.6), has been corrected to "mean outer clothing surface temperature".
- In a number of instances, "weight" has been changed to the accepted ISO term, mass.
- Values in Table A.2, No. 134 for I_{cl} and I_{T} have been corrected.
- Introductory text similar to that present in the first edition has been reinstated in Annex A, and a new introductory text has been added to Annex C.
- Some minor editorial corrections and additions have been made.

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of International Standards intended for use in the study of thermal environments. It is a basic document for evaluation of the thermal characteristics of a clothing ensemble (thermal insulation and water vapour resistance). It is necessary to know these values when evaluating the thermal stress or degree of comfort provided by the physical environment according to standardized methods. The thermal characteristics determined in this International Standard are values for steady-state conditions. Properties like "buffering", adsorption of water and similar are not dealt with.

The emphasis in this International Standard is on the estimation of the thermal characteristics. The heat and vapour resistance may also be measured directly, and this is discussed in the annexes.

This International Standard does not deal with the local thermal insulation on different body parts, nor the discomfort due to a non-uniform distribution of the clothing on the body.

Man's thermal balance in neutral, cold and warm environments is influenced by the clothing worn. For evaluating the thermal stress on human beings in the cold (IREQ, see ISO/TR 11079, insulation index), neutral environments (PMV-PPD, see ISO 7730, indices) and the heat (predicted heat strain, see ISO 7933, index), it is necessary to know the thermal characteristics of the clothing ensemble, i.e. the thermal insulation and the water vapour resistance.