STANDARD

13549

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Information technology — Data interchange on 130 mm optical disk cartridges — Capacity: 1,3 gigabytes per cartridge

Technologies de l'information — Échange de données sur cartouches de disque optique de diamètre 130 mm — Capacité: 1,3 gigabyte par cartouche



Contents

		Page
Section	on 1 - General	1
1	Scope	1
2	Conformance	1
2.1	Optical disk cartridge (ODC)	1
2.2	Generating system	1
2.3	Receiving system	1
3	Normative reference	1
4	Definitions	2
4.1	band	2
4.2	case	2
4.3	Channel bit	2
4.4	Clamping Zone	2
4.5	control track	2
4.6	Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)	2
4.7	defect management	2
4.8	disk reference plane	2
4.9	entrance surface	2
4.10	Error Correction Code (ECC)	2
4.11	format	2
4.12	fully embossed disk	2
4.13	fully rewritable disk	2
4.14	hub	2
4.15	interleaving	2
4.16	Kerr rotation	2
4.17	land and groove	2
4.18	logical track	3
4.19	Logical ZCAV	3
4.20	mark	3
4.21	ODC with write once, read multiple functionality	3
4.22	optical disk	3
4.23	optical disk cartridge (ODC)	3
4.24	partially embossed disk	3
4.25	physical track	3
4.26	nhysical track groun	3

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1.27 1.28 1.29 1.30 1.31 1.32 1.33 1.34	pitch polarization pre-recorded mark read power recording layer Reed-Solomon code spindle substrate write-inhibit hole	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
5	Conventions and notations	4
5.1 5.2	Representation of numbers Names	4
6	List of acronyms	4
7	General description of the optical disk cartridge	4
8	General requirements	5
8.1	Environments	5
8.1.1	Testing environment	5
8.1.2 8.1.3 8.1.4	Operating environment Storage environment Transportation	5 6 6
8.2 8.3 8.4	Temperature shock Safety requirements Flammability	6 6
9	Reference Drive	6
9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5	Optical system Optical beam Read channels Tracking Rotation of the disk	6 8 8 8
Section	n 2 - Mechanical and physical characteristics	9
10	Dimensions and mechanical characteristics of the case	9
10.1 10.2 10.3	General Case drawings Sides, reference axes and reference planes	9
10.3.1 10.3.2	•	9
10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9	Materials Mass Overall dimensions Location hole Alignment hole Surfaces on reference plane P Insertion slots and detent features	9 10 10 11 11 11

10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15	Gripper slots Write-inhibit holes Media sensor holes Head and motor window Shutter Slot for shutter opener Shutter sensor notch User label areas	12 13 13 14 14 14 15 15
11	Dimensional and physical characteristics of the disk	16
11.1	Dimensions of the disk	16
11.1.1 11.1.2 11.1.3 11.1.4	Outer diameter Thickness Clamping zone Clearance zone	16 16 16 16
11.2 11.3 11.4 11.5 11.6 11.7 11.8 11.9	Mass Moment of inertia Imbalance Axial deflection Axial acceleration Dynamic radial runout Radial acceleration Tilt	16 16 16 16 17 17
12	Drop test	18
13	Interface between disk and drive	18
13.1 13.2	Clamping Technique Dimensions of the hub	18 18
13.2.5 13.2.6 13.2.7 13.2.8 13.2.9 13.2.10	Outer diameter of the hub Height of the hub Diameter of the centre hole Height of the top of the centre hole at diameter D_9 Centring length at diameter D_9 Radius at diameter D_9 Chamfer at diameter D_8 Outer diameter of the magnetizable ring Inner diameter of the magnetizable ring Thickness of the magnetizable material Position of the top of the magnetizable ring relative to the disk reference plane	18 18 18 18 18 19 19 19
13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6	Clamping method Clamping force Capture cylinder for the hub Disk position in the operating condition	19 19 19 20
14	Characteristics of the substrate	35
14.1 14.2	Index of refraction Thickness	35 35
15	Characteristics of recorded and embossed information	35

15.1	Method of testing	35	
15.1.1	Environment	35	
	Use of the Reference Drive	35	
	Read conditions	36	
	Write conditions Erase conditions	36 37	
13.1.3	Last conductions	31	
15.2	Baseline reflectance	37	
15.2.1	General	37	
	Measured value	37	
15.2.3	Requirement	37	
15.3	Magneto-optical recording in the Data Zone	38	
15.3.1	Resolution	38	
15.3.2	Imbalance of magneto-optical signal	38	
	Vertical birefringence Figure of merit for magneto-optical signal	38 38	
	Narrow-band signal-to-noise ratio	39	
	Cross-talk ratio	39	
15.3.7	Ease of erasure	40	
15.4	Characteristics of information	41	
	Groove-related signals	41	
	Properties of pre-recorded marks	42	
15.4.3	Parameters of the read characteristics	43	
Section	Section 3 - Format of information 44		
16	Features	44	
16.1	Geometry of physical tracks	44	
	Shape	44	
	Direction of rotation	44	
16.1.3	Physical track pitch	44	
16.2	Formatted Zone	44	
	Data Zone	44	
	Reflective Zone SFP Transition Zone	45 45	
	Inner Control Track SFP Zone	45	
	Inner Manufacturer Zone	45	
	Outer Manufacturer Zone	45	
	Outer Control Track SFP Zone	45	
	Lead-out Zone Track number	45	
		45	
16.3	Control tracks	40	
16.4	PEP Zone	47	
	Recording in the PEP Zone	47	
	Cross-track loss Format of the tracks of the PEP Zone	47	
	Format of the tracks of the PEP Zone	48	
In 4 4	Summary of the format of the Data field of a sector	E 1	
	Summary of the format of the Data field of a sector Control Track SEP Zones	51	

ISO/IEC 13549:1993 (E)

16.5.2 16.5.3	Duplicate of the PEP information Media information System Information Unspecified content	52 52 57 58
16.6	Requirements for interchange of a user-recorded cartridge	58
	Requirements for reading Requirements for writing and erasing	58 58
Section	4 - Physical and logical format	59
17	Physical format	59
17.1	Track layout	59
17.1.1	Tracking	59
17.2	Sector format	60
17.2.1	Sector Mark	60
17.2.2	VFO fields	61
17.2.3	Address Mark (AM)	61
	ID fields	61
	Postamble (PA)	62 62
17.2.6 17.2.7	Offset Detection Flag (ODF)	62
17.2.8	•	62
	Auto Laser Power Control (ALPC)	62
17.2.10	·	62
	Data field	62 63
17.2.12	2 Buffer	03
17.3	Recording code	63
18	Logical format	64
18.1	Format of the Data Zone	64
18.1.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	64
	Type R/W (Fully rewritable disks)	66 66
	Type O-ROM (Fully embossed disks)	67
18.1.4 18.1.5		67
18.2	Partitioning	67
18.2.1	Type R/W (Fully rewritable disks)	67
18.2.2		67
18.2.3		67
18.2.4	Type WO (Write once disks)	67
18.3	Defect management	70
	R/W and WO Zones: Spare sectors Embossed groups: Parity sectors	70 73
	n 5 . Characteristics of User Data	74

19	Minimum quality of a sector	74
19.1	Headers	74
	Sector Mark	74
19.1.2 19.2	ID fields User-written data	74 74
19.2 19.3	Embossed data	74
20	Data interchange requirements	74
20.1	Tracking	74
20.2	User-written data	74
20.3 20.4	Embossed data Quality of the disk	74 74
20.4	Quality of the disk	, ,
Annex	8	
A - A	ir cleanliness class 100 000	75
B - C	RC for ID fields	77
C - D	efinition of write pulse width	78
D - In	terleave, CRC, ECC, Resync for the Data field	79
E - M	easurement of the figure of merit	85
F - Te	est method for measuring the adsorbant force of the hub	86
G • 0	ffice environment	88
H - D	erivation of the operating climatic environment	88
J - Tr	ansportation	92
к - т	rack deviation measurement	92
L - R	ead power, write power and erase power for 50 Hz operation	96
M - C	Guidelines for sector retirement	97
N - G	uidelines for the use of ODCs of Type WO	97
P - M	leasure of substrate vertical birefringence	98

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication of an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 13549 was prepared by the European Computer Manufacturers Association (as Standard ECMA-184) and was adopted, under a special "fast-track procedure", by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1 *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

Annexes A to F form an integral part of this International Standard, annexes G to P are for information only.

Patents

During the preparation of the ECMA standard, information was gathered on patents upon which application of the standard might depend. Relevant patents were identified as belonging to IBM and the Sony Corporation. However, neither ECMA nor ISO/IEC can give authoritative or comprehensive information about evidence, validity or scope of patent and like rights. The patent holders have stated that licences will be granted under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms. Communications on this subject should be addressed to

IBM Storage Systems Products Division Tucson, Arizona 85744 USA

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Introduction

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridges (ODC) with a capacity of 1,3 Gbytes per cartridge. This International Standard is the first of a series of International Standards for ODCs of different capacities, based on the optical disk cartridge specified in ISO/IEC 10089. Whilst the latter specifies a fully re-writable disk, this International Standard specifies four related, but different implementations of such cartridges, viz.

- Type R/W Provides for data to be written, read, and erased many times over the whole of both recording surfaces of the disk using the thermo-magnetic and magneto-optical effects.
- Type P-ROM Provides for a part of both disk surfaces to be pre-recorded and reproduced by stamping or other means. This part of the disk is read without recourse to the magneto-optical effect. All parts which are not pre-recorded, provide for data to meet the requirements of Type R/W.
- Type O-ROM Provides for the whole of both disk surfaces to be pre-recorded and reproduced by stamping or other means.

 This type of disk is read without recourse to the magneto-optical effect.
- Type WO Provides write once, read multiple functionality on the whole of both disk surfaces using the thermomagnetic and magneto-optical effects.

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Section 1 - General

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies

- the conditions for conformance testing;
- the environments in which the cartridges are to be operated and stored;
- the mechanical, physical and dimensional characteristics of the case and of the cartridges, so as to provide mechanical interchangeability between the data processing systems;
- the format of the information on the disk, both embossed and user-written, including the physical disposition of the tracks and sectors, the error correction codes, and the modulation method used;
- the characteristics of the embossed information on the disk;
- the magneto-optical characteristics of the disk, enabling processing systems to write data onto the disk;
- the minimum quality of user-written data on the disk, enabling data processing systems to read data from the disk.

This International Standard provides for interchange between optical disk drives. Together with a standard for volume and file structure, it provides for full data interchange between data processing systems.

2 Conformance

2.1 Optical disk cartridge (ODC)

An optical disk cartridge claiming conformance with this International Standard shall specify its Type. It shall be in conformance if it meets all mandatory requirements specified herein for that Type.

2.2 Generating system

A claim of conformance with this International Standard shall specify which Type(s) is (are) supported. A system generating an ODC for interchange shall be entitled to claim conformance with this International Standard if it meets the mandatory requirements of this Standard for the Type(s) specified.

2.3 Receiving system

A claim of conformance with this International Standard shall specify which Type(s) is (are) supported.

A system receiving an ODC for interchange shall be entitled to claim conformance with this International Standard if it is able to handle any ODC which conforms to this International Standard for the Type(s) specified.

3 Normative reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standard listed below.