First edition 2014-07-01

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Magnetic field area network (MFAN) —

Part 1: **Air interface**

Technologies de l'information — Téléinformatique — Réseau de zone de champ magnétique (MFAN) —

Partie 1: Interface radio



ISO/IEC 15149-1:2014(E)

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC 15149-1:2014". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO/IEC 2014

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents			Page
Foreword			
Introduction			v
1		De	
	•		
2		ns and definitions	
3	Sym	bols and abbreviated terms	
4	Overview		3
5	Network elements		5
	5.1	General	
	5.2	Time element	
	5.3	Physical element	7
	5.4	Address element	8
6	Network status		9
	6.1	General	
	6.2	Network configuration	
	6.3	Network association	
	6.4	Network disassociation	9
	6.5	Data transmission	
	6.6	Network release	
	6.7	MFAN device state	10
7	PHY layer		12
	7.1	PHY layer frame format	
	7.2	Coding and modulation	14
8	MAC layer frame format		18
	8.1	General	
	8.2	Frame format	
	8.3	Frame type	20
	8.4	Payload format	22
9	MAC layer function		30
	9.1	General	
	9.2	Network association and disassociation	30
	9.3	Data transmission	32
	9.4	Group ID set-up	33
10	Air interface		33
	10.1	Frequency	
	10.2	Signal waveform	33
Bibli	iograpl	hy	36

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, Subcommittee *SC 6, Telecommunications* and information exchange between systems.

This first edition of ISO/IEC 15149-1 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC 15149:2011, of which it constitutes a minor revision.

ISO/IEC 15149 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology* — *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems* — *Magnetic field area network (MFAN)*:

- Part 1: Air interface
- Part 2: In-band Control Protocol for Wireless Power Transfer

Relay Protocol for Extended Range and *Security Protocol for Authorization* will form the subjects of future Parts 3 and 4, respectively.

Introduction

This International Standard provides protocols for magnetic field area network (MFAN). MFAN can support the service based on wireless communication and wireless power transfer in harsh environment. MFAN is composed of four protocols: air interface, in-band control protocol, relay protocol, and security protocol.

This part of ISO/IEC 15149 specifies the physical layer and media access control layer protocols of wireless network over a magnetic field.

ISO/IEC 15149-2 specifies the control protocol for wireless power transfer based on magnetic field area network.

ISO/IEC 15149-3 specifies the relay protocol to extend effective network coverage of magnetic field area network.

ISO/IEC 15149-4 specifies the secuity protocol to authorize nodes to communicate in magnetic field area network.