This is a preview of "ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

First edition 2015-05-01

Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Magnetic field area network (MFAN) —

Part 2:

In-band Control Protocol for Wireless Power Transfer

Technologies de l'information — Téléinformatique — Réseau de zone de champ magnétique (MFAN) —

Partie 2: Protocole de contrôle dans la bande pour le transfert de puissance sans fil



ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015(E)

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

 $\, @ \,$ ISO/IEC 2015, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland Tel. +41 22 749 01 11 Fax +41 22 749 09 47 copyright@iso.org www.iso.org This is a preview of "ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Contents				
Fore	eword		V	
Introduction				
1		De		
_	-	mative references		
2				
3		ns and definitions		
4	Sym	bols and abbreviated terms	2	
5	Ovei	rview	4	
6	Netv	5		
	6.1	General		
	6.2	Time element	5	
		6.2.1 General	5	
		6.2.2 Time element for MPAN	6	
	6.3	Physical element		
		6.3.1 Coordinator		
		6.3.2 Node	7	
	6.4	Address element		
		6.4.1 MFAN ID		
		6.4.2 UID		
		6.4.3 Group ID		
		6.4.4 Node ID		
7		vork status		
	7.1	General Notation of the MDAN		
	7.2	Network status for MPAN		
		7.2.1 Stabilization 7.2.2 Invigoration		
		7.2.2 Hivigoration 7.2.3 Revitalization		
	7.3	MPAN state		
	7.5	7.3.1 Coordinator state		
		7.3.2 Node state		
8	Physical layer frame format		13	
U	8.1	General		
	8.2	Preamble		
	8.3	Header		
	8.4	Payload		
	8.5	Frame check sequence		
9	MAC	layer frame format	14	
	9.1	General		
	9.2	Frame format for MPAN		
		9.2.1 Frame header		
		9.2.2 Frame body	15	
		9.2.3 Frame type	15	
		9.2.4 Payload format		
	9.3	Frame format for power status feedback		
		9.3.1 Frame header		
		9.3.2 Frame body		
		9.3.3 Frame type		
		9.3.4 Payload format		
10		layer function		
	10.1	General	28	

ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015(E)

	10.2	Stabilization	28
	10.3	Invigoration	29
	10.4	Revitalization	30
11	Air interface		
	11.1	Frequency	31
	11 2	Signal waveform for WPT	31

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC | TC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: Foreword — Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems*.

ISO/IEC 15149 consists of the following parts, under the general title $\it Information$ $\it technology - Telecommunications$ and $\it information$ $\it exchange$ $\it between systems - Magnetic field area$ $\it network$ (MFAN):

- Part 1: Air interface
- Part 2: In-band control protocol for wireless power transfer
- Part 3: Relay protocol for extended range
- Part 4: Security protocol for authorization

ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015(E)

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC 15149-2:2015". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

Introduction

This International Standard provides protocols for magnetic field area network (MFAN). MFAN can support the service based on wireless communication and wireless power transfer in harsh environment. MFAN is composed of four protocols; air interface, in-band control protocol, relay protocol, and security protocol.

ISO/IEC 15149–1 specifies the physical layer and media access control layer protocols of wireless network over a magnetic field.

ISO/IEC 15149–2 specifies the control protocol for wireless power transfer based on magnetic field area network.

ISO/IEC 15149–3 specifies the relay protocol to extend effective network coverage of magnetic field area network.

ISO/IEC 15149–4 specifies the security protocol to authorize nodes to communicate in magnetic field area network.