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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 29, *Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 23001-11:2019), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- [6.2](#) related to complexity metrics for decoder-power reduction is amended by the specification of a new VVC SEI message carrying complexity metrics for decoder-power reduction.
- [Clause 9](#) related to metrics for quality recovery after low-power encoding is amended by the specification of additional metrics for quality recovery after low-power encoding in the newly added VVC SEI message.
- [6.3](#) related to interactive signalling for remote decoder-power reduction is amended by adding new syntax elements allowing a finer control by decoder of the encoding operations.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 23001 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

This document specifies the metadata (green metadata) that facilitates reduction of energy usage during media consumption as follows:

- the format of the metadata that enables reduced decoder power consumption;
- the format of the metadata that enables reduced display power consumption;
- the format of the metadata that enables media selection for joint decoder and display power reduction;
- the format of the metadata that enables quality recovery after low-power encoding.

This metadata facilitates reduced energy usage during media consumption without any degradation in the quality of experience (QoE). However, it is also possible to use this metadata to get larger energy savings, but at the expense of some QoE degradation.

The metadata for energy-efficient decoding specifies two sets of information: complexity metrics (CM) metadata and decoding operation reduction request (DOR-Req) metadata. A decoder uses CM metadata to vary operating frequency and thus reduce decoder power consumption. In a point-to-point video conferencing application, the remote encoder uses the DOR-Req metadata to modify the decoding complexity of the bitstream and thus reduce local decoder power consumption.

The metadata for energy-efficient encoding specifies quality metrics that are used by a decoder to reduce the quality loss from low-power encoding.

The metadata for energy-efficient presentation specifies RGB-component statistics and quality levels. A presentation subsystem uses this metadata to reduce power by adjusting display parameters, based on the statistics, to provide a desired quality level from those provided in the metadata.

The metadata for energy-efficient media selection specifies DOR-Req parameters, RGB-component statistics and quality levels. The client in an adaptive streaming session uses this metadata to determine decoder and display power-saving characteristics of available video representations and to select the representation with the optimal quality for a given power-saving.