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Information technology — Office equipment — Method for measuring digital printing productivity

Technologies de l'information — Équipements de bureau — Méthode de mesure de la productivité d'impression numérique



ISO/IEC 24734:2014(E)

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Foreword

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 28, *Office equipment*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 24734:2009), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

Introduction

Many digital printing devices produce printed pages at a different rate than their nominal speed when running with different modes (simplex, duplex, print quality modes), different substrate weight, system environments, applications and file content, and finishing options. The degree to which a reduction in productivity is experienced depends significantly on multiple parameters of the job workflow. The most dominant of the parameters of the job workflow are: system environment, application, and job characteristics, such as, the number of pages in a set to be printed, single-sided or double-sided output pages, quality mode, number of print sets to be produced, substrate weight/size used, finishing options, and job content complexities such as monochrome vs. colour, text/vector vs. raster, page scaling, and colour conversion. The existing International Standard (ISO/IEC 10561) only addresses printing throughput for class 1 and class 2 printers and, therefore, is not suitable for comparing colour printing devices or high-speed page-oriented printing devices with many finishing options and connectivity configurations.

This International Standard provides a general method for measuring the productivity when the above-mentioned job workflow parameters for digital printing devices are taken into consideration. This International Standard also includes a suite of test files, test-platform (hardware and software) setup guidelines, and a procedure to be used for measuring digital printing productivity. It allows manufacturers and buyers of digital printing devices to describe the productivity of various digital printing devices with respect to representative office usage patterns.