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## Software and systems engineering — Tools and methods for product line requirements engineering

*Ingénierie du logiciel et des systèmes — Outils et méthodes pour  
l'ingénierie d'exigences pour gammes de produits*



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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Software and systems engineering*.

This second edition of ISO/IEC 26551 cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 26551:2012), which has been technically revised.

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## Introduction

The main purpose of this International Standard is to establish a baseline for the capabilities of tools and methods of software and systems product line (SSPL) requirements engineering. This International Standard defines how the tools and methods can support the software and systems product line specific requirements engineering processes.

A decision for the initial boundaries of domain is made to define a product line scope before initiating domain requirements engineering processes. Domain requirements engineering is carried out in a comprehensive manner because common and variable requirements and captured variabilities have consequential impacts on member products in a product line. The outcomes of domain requirements engineering processes are transferred into the requirements of a family of products at the application requirements engineering processes. Therefore, requirements engineering tools and methods are to be considered (both engineering processes), namely domain requirements engineering, and application requirements engineering.

Product line requirements engineering can be differentiated from a single product requirement engineering because of the following reasons:

- There are two core processes in requirements engineering, domain requirements engineering and application requirements engineering. The major aims of the domain requirements engineering processes are to analyse commonality and variability for a family of products and to prepare necessary variability information for variability modelling. The major aims of the application requirements engineering processes are to define application specific requirements and bind variability defined in domain requirements engineering processes;
- It is essential to analyse the costs and benefits estimate of a product line and thereby, an organization can make a go/no-go decision. Moreover, the costs and benefits estimate plays a pivotal role as an indicator for assessing the effectiveness and efficiency of a product line.

A detailed comparison showing the differences in requirements engineering tasks between single product and product line is described in [Annex A](#).

This International Standard can be used in the following modes:

- by the users of this International Standard: to benefit people who develop, operate, and manage requirements engineering for software and systems product lines;
- by a product line organization: to provide guidance in the evaluation and selection for tools and methods for product line requirements engineering;
- by providers of tools and methods: to provide guidance in implementing or developing tools and methods by providing a comprehensive set of the capabilities of tools and methods for product line requirements engineering.

The ISO/IEC 26550 family of standards addresses both engineering and management processes and covers the key characteristics of product line development. The ISO/IEC 26550 family of standards provides an overview of the consecutive International Standards (i.e. this International Standard through ISO/IEC 26599), as well as the structure of the model:

ISO/IEC 26550, ISO/IEC 26551 and ISO/IEC 26555 are published. ISO/IEC 26557, ISO/IEC 26558 and ISO/IEC 26559 are to be published. ISO/IEC 26552, ISO/IEC 26553, ISO/IEC 26554, ISO/IEC 26556, ISO/IEC 26560, ISO/IEC 26561, ISO/IEC 26562, ISO/IEC 26563 are planned International Standards.

- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for domain requirements engineering and application requirements engineering are provided in this International Standard;
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for domain design and application design are provided in ISO/IEC 26552 (International Standard under development);

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- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for domain realization and application realization are provided in ISO/IEC 26553 (International Standard under development);
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for domain testing and application testing are provided in ISO/IEC 26554 (International Standard under development);
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for technical management are provided in ISO/IEC 26555;
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for organizational management are provided in ISO/IEC 26556 (International Standard under development);
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for variability mechanisms are provided in ISO/IEC 26557;
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for variability modeling are provided in ISO/IEC 26558;
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for variability traceability are provided in ISO/IEC 26559;
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for product management are provided in ISO/IEC 26560 (International Standard under development);
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for technical probe are provided in ISO/IEC 26561 (International Standard under development);
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for transition management are provided in ISO/IEC 26562 (International Standard under development);
- Processes and capabilities of methods and tools for configuration management of asset are provided in ISO/IEC 26563 (International Standard under development);
- Others (ISO/IEC 26564 to ISO/IEC 26599): To be developed.