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Information technology — Conformance testing methodology for biometric data interchange formats defined in ISO/IEC 19794 —

Part 1: Generalized conformance testing methodology

Technologies de l'information — Méthodologie d'essai de conformité pour les formats d'échange de données biométriques définis dans l'ISO/CEI 19794 —

Partie 1: Méthodologie d'essai de conformité généralisée

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 29109-1 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Biometrics*.

ISO/IEC 29109 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Conformance testing methodology for biometric data interchange formats defined in ISO/IEC 19794*:

- *Part 1: Generalized conformance testing methodology*
- *Part 2: Finger minutiae data*
- *Part 4: Finger image data*
- *Part 10: Hand geometry silhouette data*

The following parts are under preparation:

- *Part 3: Finger pattern spectral data*
- *Part 5: Face image data*
- *Part 6: Iris image data*
- *Part 7: Signature/sign time series data*
- *Part 8: Finger pattern skeletal data*
- *Part 9: Vascular image data*
- *Part 11: Signature/sign processed dynamic data*
- *Part 13: Voice data*
- *Part 14: DNA data*

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Introduction

ISO/IEC 19794 is a multi-part International Standard developed by ISO/IEC JTC 1, SC 37 that specifies a biometric data interchange format for different biometric modalities or technologies. It is expected that future parts of ISO/IEC 19794 for additional modalities or technologies will be developed. End users of biometric systems desire to use ISO/IEC 19794 and other standards to ensure that components of the biometric system can be substituted with other components from different vendors with a minimum of effort, and also to ensure that biometric data produced by one system can be used by another system. In order to achieve this, it is critical that systems claimed to conform to a standard actually are conformant, and thus there is a need for conformance testing methodology standards for each of the biometric data interchange formats specified in ISO/IEC 19794, in order to provide a reasonable degree of assurance that a conformance claim has validity. In fact, no test can be absolutely comprehensive and prove that a given system is conformant under all possible circumstances, especially when there are optional components of the standard. A well designed conformance test can, however, test all of the most likely sources of problems and ensure that the implementation under test conforms under a reasonable set of circumstances, giving assurance, but not a guarantee, of conformance.

There are many different types of conformance testing that may be appropriate for the various parts of ISO/IEC 19794. Some of these tests are highly specific to each data interchange format but some of them have many common elements across all of the formats. Therefore, it appears that a multi-part conformance testing standard, ISO/IEC 29109, will be useful. This part of ISO/IEC 29109 describes the different types of conformance testing. It then goes on to provide details of the common elements for defining test assertions. This part of ISO/IEC 29109 also provides guidelines for conducting the tests and reporting the results of the tests. The specific tests and assertions for each biometric data interchange format are left to the subsequent parts, one for each part of ISO/IEC 19794.