

First edition  
2018-02

---

---

## Information technology — Big data reference architecture —

### Part 5: Standards roadmap

*Technologies de l'information — Architecture de référence des big data —*

*Partie 5: Feuille de route pour les normes*



Reference number  
ISO/IEC TR 20547-5:2018(E)

© ISO/IEC 2018



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO/IEC 2018

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland  
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax +41 22 749 09 47  
copyright@iso.org  
www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC TR 20547-5:2018". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

## Contents

	Page
<b>Foreword</b> .....	<b>iv</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations</b> .....	<b>1</b>
3.1 Terms defined elsewhere.....	1
3.2 Terms defined in this document.....	1
3.3 Abbreviations.....	2
<b>4 Rationale</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>5 Relationship to BDRA</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>6 Standards development organizations</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>7 Existing standards</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>8 Gaps in standards</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>9 Pathway to address standards gaps</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>Annex A (informative) References</b> .....	<b>16</b>
<b>Bibliography</b> .....	<b>17</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 20547-series can be found on the ISO website.

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC TR 20547-5:2...". [Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.](#)

## Introduction

There is broad agreement among commercial, academic, and government leaders about the remarkable potential of big data to spark innovation, fuel commerce, and drive progress. big data is the common term used to describe the deluge of data in today's networked, digitized, sensor-laden, and information-driven world. The availability of vast data resources carries the potential to answer questions previously out of reach, including the following:

- How can a potential pandemic reliably be detected early enough to intervene?
- Can new materials with advanced properties be predicted before these materials have ever been synthesized?
- How can the current advantage of the attacker over the defender in guarding against cyber-security threats be reversed?

There is also broad agreement on the ability of big data to overwhelm traditional approaches. The growth rates for data volumes, speeds, and complexity are outpacing scientific and technological advances in data analytics, management, transport, and data user spheres.

Despite widespread agreement on the inherent opportunities and current limitations of big data, a lack of consensus on some important, fundamental questions continues to confuse potential users and stymie progress. These questions include the following:

- What attributes define big data solutions?
- How is big data different from traditional data environments and related applications?
- What are the essential characteristics of big data environments?
- How do these environments integrate with currently deployed architectures?
- What standards are in place to support big data and how does big data affect existing standards?
- What are the central scientific, technological, and standardization challenges that need to be addressed to accelerate the deployment of robust big data solutions?

This document is focused on providing at least some portion of the answers to the last two questions.