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# Systems and software engineering — Life cycle management —

Part 3:

Guide to the application of ISO/IEC 12207 (Software life cycle processes)

Ingénierie des systèmes et du logiciel — Gestion du cycle de vie — Partie 3: Guide pour l'application de l'ISO/CEI 12207 (Processus du cycle de vie du logiciel)



## ISO/IEC TR 24748-3:2011(E)

This is a preview of "ISO/IEC TR 24748-3:2...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.



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## **Contents** Page

Forewo	ord	V
Introdu	ıction	.vi
1	Scope	1
2	Terms and definitions	1
3	Overview of ISO/IEC 12207:2008	
3.1	General	
3.2	Structure of ISO/IEC 12207:2008	
3.3	Context of ISO/IEC 12207:2008	
3.4	Comparison to previous versions of ISO/IEC 12207	
4	Application Concepts	
4.1	Overview	
4.2	Software concepts	
4.2.1	System and software concepts	
4.3	Life cycle concepts	
4.4	Process concepts	
4.4.1	General	
4.4.2	Process principles	
4.4.3	Process categories of ISO/IEC 12207:2008	
4.4.4	Recursive/iterative application of processes	
4.5	Organizational concepts	
4.5.1	General	
4.5.2	Responsibility	
4.5.3	Organizational relationships	
4.5.4	Project organizational structure	
4.6	Project concepts	
4.6.1	General	
4.6.2	Project relationships	
4.6.3	Enabling system relationships	
4.6.4	Hierarchy of projects	
4.7	Adaptation concepts	
4.7.1	General	
4.7.2	Adaptation	
4.7.3 4.7.4	Life cycle adaptation	
4.7.4 4.7.5	Adaptation for domains, disciplines and specialties  Tailoring	
4.7.5	•	
5		25
5.1	Overview	
5.2	Application strategy	
5.2.1	Overview	
5.2.2	Planning the application	
5.2.3	Conduct pilot project(s)	
5.2.4	Formalize the approach	
5.2.5	Institutionalize the approach	
5.3	Application in organizations	
5.3.1	Overview	
5.3.2	Considerations and techniques	
5.3.3	Application opportunities	
5.3.4	Management commitment	
5.3.5	Uses of ISO/IEC 12207:2008 within an organization	30

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5.4	Application on projects	31
5.4.1	Overview	
5.4.2	Application of Agreement Processes on a project	32
5.4.3	Application of Technical Processes to a project	
5.4.4	Application of Software Implementation Processes to a project	
5.4.5	Application of processes in a life cycle model	
Annex	A (informative) Notes for the application of ISO/IEC 12207:2008 processes	59
A.1	General	
A.2	Agreement Processes (Clause 6.1)	
A.3	Organizational Project-Enabling Processes (Clause 6.2)	
A.4	Project Processes (Clause 6.3)	
A.5	Technical Processes (Clause 6.4)	
A.6	Software Implementation Processes (Clause 7.1)	97
A.7	Software Support Processes (Clause 7.2)	
<b>8.A</b>	Software Reuse Processes (Clause 7.3)	
Annex	B (informative) Use of reusable software products	109
B.1	Scope	
B.2	Evaluating reusable software products	
Bibliog	graphy	110

### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

In exceptional circumstances, when the joint technical committee has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for example), it may decide to publish a Technical Report. A Technical Report is entirely informative in nature and shall be subject to review every five years in the same manner as an International Standard.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC TR 24748-3 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Software and systems engineering*.

This first edition of ISO/IEC TR 24748-3 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC TR 15271:1998, which has been technically revised.

ISO/IEC TR 24748 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Systems and software* engineering — Life cycle management:

- Part 1: Guide for life cycle management
- Part 2: Guide to the application of ISO/IEC 15288 (System life cycle processes)
- Part 3: Guide to the application of ISO/IEC 12207 (Software life cycle processes)

## Introduction

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) currently have two International Standards that focus on life cycle processes:

- ISO/IEC 15288:2008, Systems and software engineering System life cycle processes, and
- ISO/IEC 12207:2008, Systems and software engineering Software life cycle processes.

In addition, ISO and IEC have a multi-part International Standard that promotes the adoption of an integrated process approach when establishing, implementing, operating, monitoring, reviewing, maintaining and improving a Service Management System (SMS), to deliver services which meet business needs and customer requirements:

ISO/IEC 20000, Information technology — Service management.

This service management standard may be used in conjunction with ISO/IEC 15288 and ISO/IEC 12207 for the delivery of system services and software services.

The purpose of this part of ISO/IEC TR 24748 is to provide guidance on the application of the software life cycle processes standard, ISO/IEC 12207:2008. Taken together, the parts of ISO/IEC TR 24748 are intended to facilitate the joint usage of the process content of the two high-level life cycle process standards, which in turn may be used together with related standards such as the one for service management, and various other lower-level process standards. In this way, ISO/IEC TR 24748 provides unified and consolidated guidance on the life cycle management of systems and software. Its purpose is to help ensure consistency in system concepts and life cycle concepts, models, stages, processes, process application, key points of view, adaptation and use in various domains as the two standards (and others) are used in combination. It should help a project design a life cycle model for managing progress on a project.

Whereas ISO/IEC TR 24748-1 addresses in generic terms the purpose stated above of guidance for the life cycle management of systems and software, this part of ISO/IEC TR 24748 focuses in on and expands the coverage of those aspects most relevant to software. This part of ISO/IEC TR 24748 will also, in conjunction with ISO/IEC TR 24748-1, aid in identifying and planning the use of the life cycle processes described in ISO/IEC 12207:2008. The proper use of these processes will contribute to a project being completed successfully, meeting its objectives and requirements for each stage and for the overall project.

This part of ISO/IEC TR 24748 elaborates on factors that should be considered when applying ISO/IEC 12207:2008 and does this in the context of the various ways in which ISO/IEC 12207:2008 can be applied. The guidance is not intended to provide the rationale for the requirements of ISO/IEC 12207:2008. Before reading this part of ISO/IEC TR 24748, readers have to understand the relation between system and software, the concept of "system of interest", and the structure of a system. These concepts are described in ISO/IEC TR 24748-1.