

# 29110-5-1-2

First edition  
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## Software engineering — Lifecycle profiles for Very Small Entities (VSEs) —

Part 5-1-2:

### Management and engineering guide: Generic profile group: Basic profile

*Ingénierie du logiciel — Profils de cycle de vie pour très petits  
organismes (TPO) —*

*Partie 5-1-2: Guide d'ingénierie et de gestion: Groupe de profil  
générique: Profil basique*

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Reference number  
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## Contents

Page

Foreword .....	v
Introduction.....	vi
1 Scope .....	1
1.1 Fields of application .....	1
1.2 Target audience .....	1
2 Normative references.....	1
3 Terms and definitions .....	2
4 Conventions and abbreviated terms .....	2
4.1 Naming, diagramming and definition conventions.....	2
4.2 Abbreviated terms .....	3
5 Overview.....	3
6 Project Management (PM) process.....	4
6.1 PM purpose .....	4
6.2 PM objectives.....	5
6.3 PM input products .....	7
6.4 PM output products.....	8
6.5 PM internal products.....	8
6.6 PM roles involved .....	8
6.7 PM diagram .....	9
6.7.1 PM activities .....	10
6.7.2 PM incorporation to <i>Project Repository</i> .....	15
7 Software Implementation (SI) process .....	16
7.1 SI purpose .....	16
7.2 SI objectives.....	16
7.3 SI input products .....	19
7.4 SI output products.....	20
7.5 SI internal products.....	20
7.6 SI roles involved .....	21
7.7 SI diagram .....	21
7.7.1 SI activities .....	23
7.7.2 SI incorporation to the <i>Project Repository</i> .....	31
8 Roles.....	32
9 Product description.....	33
10 Software tools requirements.....	40
10.1 Project Management process .....	40
10.2 Software Implementation process.....	41
Annex A (informative) Deployment Packages.....	42
Bibliography.....	44

## Table of illustrations

Figure 1 — ISO/IEC 29110 series.....	vii
Figure 2 — Basic profile guide processes (diagram notation is explained in 4.1) .....	4

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Figure 3 — Project Management process diagram. ....	9
Figure 4 — Software Implementation process diagram. ....	22

## Table of tables

Table 1 — ISO/IEC 29110 target audience .....	vi
Table 2 — PM input products .....	7
Table 3 — PM output products .....	8
Table 4 — PM internal products .....	8
Table 5 — PM roles involved .....	8
Table 6 — PM.1 task list .....	10
Table 7 — PM.2 task list .....	13
Table 8 — PM.3 task list .....	14
Table 9 — PM.4 task list .....	15
Table 10 — PM repository products .....	15
Table 11 — SI input products .....	19
Table 12 — SI output products .....	20
Table 13 — SI internal products .....	20
Table 14 — SI roles involved .....	21
Table 15 — SI.1 task list .....	23
Table 16 — SI.2 task list .....	24
Table 17 — SI.3 task list .....	26
Table 18 — SI.4 task list .....	27
Table 19 — SI.5 task list .....	28
Table 20 — SI.6 task list .....	30
Table 21 — SI repository products .....	31
Table 22 — Roles .....	32
Table 23 — Product Descriptions .....	33
Table 24 — Project Management tools .....	40
Table 25 — Software Implementation tools .....	41
Table A.1 — Table of Content of a Deployment Package .....	42

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

In exceptional circumstances, when the joint technical committee has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for example), it may decide to publish a Technical Report. A Technical Report is entirely informative in nature and shall be subject to review every five years in the same manner as an International Standard.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC TR 29110-5-1-2 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Software and systems engineering*.

ISO/IEC 29110 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Software engineering — Lifecycle profiles for Very Small Entities (VSEs)*:

- *Part 1: Overview* [Technical Report]
- *Part 2: Framework and taxonomy*
- *Part 3: Assessment guide* [Technical Report]
- *Part 4-1: Profile specifications: Generic profile group*
- *Part 5-1-2: Management and engineering guide: Generic profile group: Basic profile* [Technical Report]

Parts 4 and 5 can be developed to accommodate new profile specifications and management and engineering guides as follows:

- *Part 4-m: Profile specifications: Profile group aaaaa*
- *Part 5-m-n: Management and engineering guide: Profile group aaaaa: Profile bbbbbb* [Technical Report]

## Introduction

The software industry recognizes the value of Very Small Entities (VSEs) in contributing valuable products and services. For the purpose of ISO/IEC 29110, a VSE is an entity (enterprise, organization, department or project) having up to 25 people. VSEs also develop and/or maintain software that is used in larger systems; therefore, recognition of VSEs as suppliers of high quality software is often required.

According to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) SME and Entrepreneurship Outlook report (2005) "SMEs constitute the dominant form of business organisation in all countries world-wide, accounting for over 95 % and up to 99 % of the business population depending on country". The challenge facing OECD governments is to provide a business environment that supports the competitiveness of this large heterogeneous business population and that promotes a vibrant entrepreneurial culture.

From studies and surveys conducted, it is clear that the majority of International Standards do not address the needs of VSEs. Conformance with these standards is difficult, if not impossible, giving VSEs no way, or very limited ways, to be recognized as entities that produce quality software in their domain. Therefore, VSEs are often cut off from some economic activities.

It has been found that VSEs find it difficult to relate International Standards to their business needs and to justify their application to their business practices. Most VSEs can neither afford the resources, in terms of number of employees, budget and time, nor do they see a net benefit in establishing software lifecycle processes. To rectify some of these difficulties, a set of guides has been developed according to a set of VSE characteristics. The guides are based on subsets of appropriate standards elements, referred to as VSE profiles. The purpose of a VSE profile is to define a subset of International Standards relevant to the VSE context, for example, processes and outcomes of ISO/IEC 12207 and products of ISO/IEC 15289.

ISO/IEC 29110, targeted by audience, has been developed to improve product and/or service quality, and process performance. See Table 1. ISO/IEC 29110 is not intended to preclude the use of different lifecycles such as: waterfall, iterative, incremental, evolutionary or agile.

**Table 1 — ISO/IEC 29110 target audience**

ISO/IEC 29110	Title	Target audience
Part 1	Overview	VSEs, assessors, standards producers, tool vendors and methodology vendors.
Part 2	Framework and taxonomy	Standards producers, tool vendors and methodology vendors. Not intended for VSEs.
Part 3	Assessment guide	Assessors and VSEs
Part 4	Profile specifications	Standards producers, tool vendors and methodology vendors. Not intended for VSEs.
Part 5	Management and engineering guide	VSEs

If a new profile is needed, ISO/IEC 29110-4 and ISO/IEC TR 29110-5 can be developed without impacting existing documents and they become ISO/IEC 29110-4-m and ISO/IEC 29110-5-m-n, respectively, through the ISO/IEC process.

ISO/IEC TR 29110-1 defines the business terms common to the VSE Profile Set of Documents. It introduces processes, lifecycle and standardization concepts, and the ISO/IEC 29110 series. It also introduces the characteristics and requirements of a VSE, and clarifies the rationale for VSE-specific profiles, documents, standards and guides.

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ISO/IEC 29110-2 introduces the concepts for software engineering standardized profile for VSEs, and defines the terms common to the VSE Profile Set of Documents. It establishes the logic behind the definition and application of standardized profiles. It specifies the elements common to all standardized profiles (structure, conformance, assessment) and introduces the taxonomy (catalogue) of ISO/IEC 29110 profiles.

ISO/IEC TR 29110-3 defines the process assessment guidelines and compliance requirements needed to meet the purpose of the defined VSE Profiles. ISO/IEC TR 29110-3 also contains information that can be useful to developers of assessment methods and assessment tools. ISO/IEC TR 29110-3 is addressed to people who have direct relation with the assessment process, e.g. the assessor and the sponsor of the assessment, who need guidance on ensuring that the requirements for performing an assessment have been met.

ISO/IEC 29110-4-1 provides the specification for all the profiles of the Generic Profile Group. The Generic Profile Group is applicable to VSEs that do not develop critical software products. The profiles are based on subsets of appropriate standards elements. VSEs' Profiles apply and are targeted to authors/providers of guides and authors/providers of tools and other support material.

This part of ISO/IEC 29110 provides an implementation management and engineering guide for the Basic Profile of the Generic Profile Group specified in ISO/IEC 29110-4-1. The Basic Profile describes software development of a single application by a single project team with no special risk or situational factors.

Figure 1 describes the ISO/IEC 29110 series and positions the parts within the framework of reference. Overviews and guides are published as Technical Reports (TR), and profiles are published as International Standards (IS).

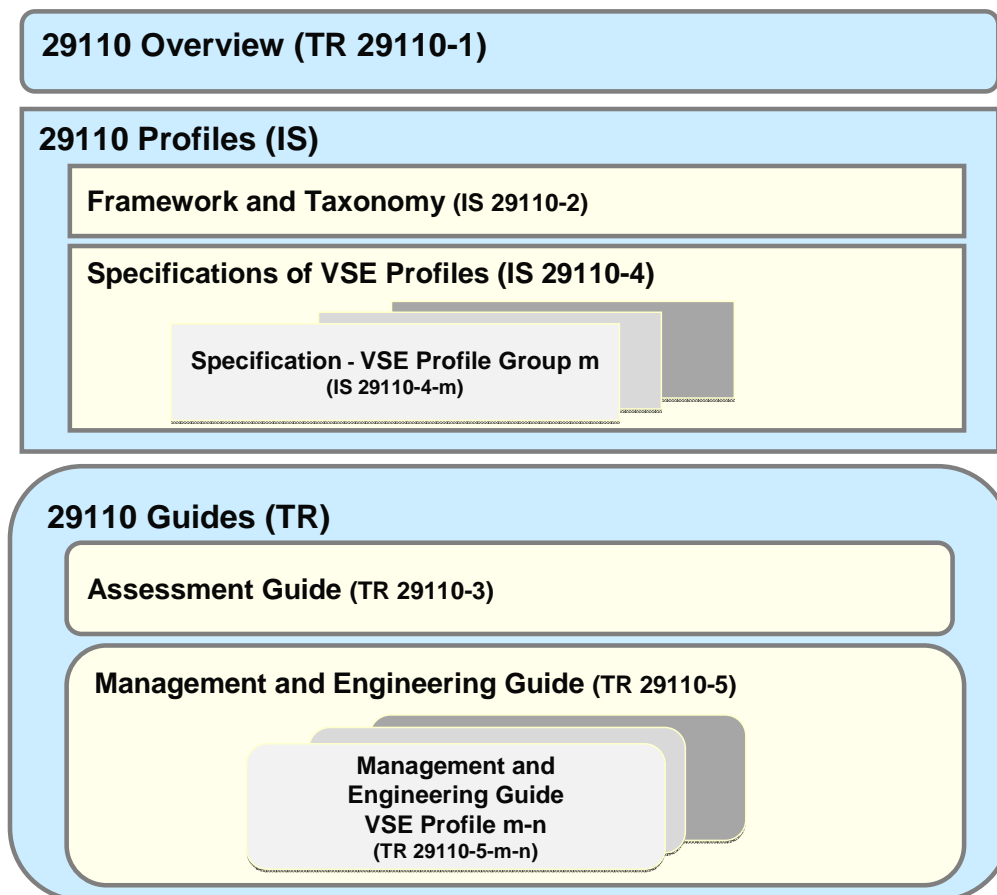


Figure 1 — ISO/IEC 29110 series