

This is a preview of "ISO/TS 13399-307:2016...". Click [here](#) to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

First edition  
2016-02-15

---

---

## Cutting tool data representation and exchange —

### Part 307: Creation and exchange of 3D models — End mills for indexable inserts

*Représentation et échange des données relatives aux outils coupants —  
Partie 307: Création et échange des modèles 3D — Fraises à  
plaquettes amovibles*



Reference number  
ISO/TS 13399-307:2016(E)

© ISO 2016



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2016, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland  
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax +41 22 749 09 47  
copyright@iso.org  
www.iso.org

This is a preview of "ISO/TS 13399-307:2016(E)". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

## Contents

	Page
<b>Foreword</b> .....	<b>vi</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>viii</b>
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Starting elements, coordinate systems, planes</b> .....	<b>2</b>
3.1 General.....	2
3.2 Reference system.....	2
3.3 Coordinate system at the cutting part.....	3
3.4 Planes.....	4
3.5 Design of the pocket seat and cutting reference point (CRP) of the insert.....	5
3.6 Adjustment coordinate system on workpiece side.....	8
3.6.1 General.....	8
3.6.2 Designation of the coordinate system workpiece side.....	8
<b>4 Design of the model</b> .....	<b>9</b>
4.1 General.....	9
4.2 Necessary parameters for the connection interface feature.....	9
4.3 Necessary properties for inserts.....	10
4.3.1 General.....	10
4.3.2 Properties for equilateral, equiangular and equilateral, non- equiangular inserts.....	10
4.3.3 Properties for non-equilateral, equiangular and non-equilateral, non- equiangular inserts.....	11
4.3.4 Design of the pocket seat feature.....	11
<b>5 End mill, non-centre cutting, single row</b> .....	<b>11</b>
5.1 General.....	11
5.2 Necessary properties.....	12
5.3 Basic geometry.....	13
5.4 Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	13
5.5 Chip flute and pocket seat.....	14
5.6 Assembly of a single row, non-centre cutting end mill.....	15
<b>6 Single row, non-centre cutting V-groove end mill</b> .....	<b>16</b>
6.1 General.....	16
6.2 Necessary properties.....	17
6.3 Basic geometry.....	17
6.4 Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	17
6.5 Chip flute and pocket seat.....	18
6.6 Single row, non-centre cutting V-groove end mill assembly.....	19
<b>7 Single row, non-centre-cutting dovetail end mill</b> .....	<b>20</b>
7.1 General.....	20
7.2 Necessary properties.....	20
7.3 Basic geometry.....	21
7.4 Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	21
7.5 Chip flute and pocket seat.....	21
7.6 Single row, non-centre-cutting dovetail end mill assembly.....	22
<b>8 T-slot end mill</b> .....	<b>22</b>
8.1 General.....	22
8.2 Necessary properties.....	23
8.3 Basic geometry.....	23
8.4 Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	23
8.5 Chip flute and pocket seat.....	24
8.6 Assembly of a T-slot end mill.....	25

<b>9</b>	<b>Single row, rounded end mill</b> .....	<b>26</b>
9.1	General.....	26
9.2	Necessary properties.....	27
9.3	Basic geometry.....	27
9.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	28
9.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	28
9.6	Assembly of a rounded end mill.....	30
<b>10</b>	<b>Threading end mill</b> .....	<b>30</b>
10.1	General.....	30
10.2	Necessary properties.....	31
10.3	Basic geometry.....	32
10.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	32
10.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	33
10.6	Assembled threading end mill.....	34
<b>11</b>	<b>End mill, non-centre-cutting, multiple rows</b> .....	<b>35</b>
11.1	General.....	35
11.2	Necessary properties.....	35
11.3	Basic geometry.....	36
11.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	36
11.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	38
11.6	Multiple rows, non-centre-cutting end mill assembly.....	39
<b>12</b>	<b>Angular end mill, non-centre-cutting, multiple rows</b> .....	<b>40</b>
12.1	General.....	40
12.2	Necessary properties.....	40
12.3	Basic geometry.....	41
12.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	41
12.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	41
12.6	Multiple rows non-centre-cutting angular end mill assembly.....	42
<b>13</b>	<b>End mill, centre-cutting, multiple rows</b> .....	<b>42</b>
13.1	General.....	42
13.2	Necessary properties.....	43
13.3	Basic geometry.....	43
13.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	43
13.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	44
13.6	Multiple rows, centre-cutting angular end mill assembly.....	45
<b>14</b>	<b>Spot-facing end mill</b> .....	<b>46</b>
14.1	General.....	46
14.2	Necessary properties.....	46
14.3	Basic geometry.....	47
14.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	47
14.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	47
14.6	Assembled spot-facing end mill.....	49
<b>15</b>	<b>Straight ball-nosed end mill</b> .....	<b>49</b>
15.1	General.....	49
15.2	Necessary properties.....	50
15.3	Basic geometry.....	50
15.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	51
15.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	52
15.6	Straight ball-nosed end mill assembly.....	53
<b>16</b>	<b>Angular ball-nosed end mill</b> .....	<b>53</b>
16.1	General.....	53
16.2	Necessary properties.....	54
16.3	Basic geometry.....	54
16.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert.....	54
16.5	Chip flute and pocket seat.....	54

This is a preview of "ISO/TS 13399-307:2016...". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

16.6	Angular ball-nosed end mill assembly .....	54
<b>17</b>	<b>Die and mould end mill .....</b>	<b>54</b>
17.1	General .....	54
17.2	Necessary properties .....	55
17.3	Basic geometry .....	56
17.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert .....	56
17.5	Chip flute and pocket seat .....	56
17.6	Die end mill assembly .....	58
<b>18</b>	<b>Bell-style end mill .....</b>	<b>58</b>
18.1	General .....	58
18.2	Necessary properties .....	59
18.3	Basic geometry .....	60
18.4	Determination of the position of the mounting coordinate system of insert .....	60
18.5	Chip flute and pocket seat .....	61
18.6	Bell-style end mill assembly .....	61
<b>19</b>	<b>Design of details .....</b>	<b>61</b>
19.1	Basis for modelling .....	61
19.2	Fixing threads for inserts .....	62
19.3	Contact/clamping surfaces — Orientation .....	62
19.4	Chamfers and roundings .....	62
<b>20</b>	<b>Attributes of surfaces — Visualization of the model features .....</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>Structure of the design elements (tree of model) .....</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>Data exchange model .....</b>	<b>63</b>
<b>Annex A (informative) Information about nominal dimensions .....</b>		<b>65</b>
<b>Bibliography .....</b>		<b>66</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: [Foreword — Supplementary information](#).

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*.

ISO/TS 13399 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Cutting tool data representation and exchange*:

- *Part 1: Overview, fundamental principles and general information model*
- *Part 2: Reference dictionary for the cutting items* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 3: Reference dictionary for tool items* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 4: Reference dictionary for adaptive items* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 5: Reference dictionary for assembly items* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 50: Reference dictionary for reference systems and common concepts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 60: Reference dictionary for connection systems* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 80: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Overview and principles* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 100: Definitions, principles and methods for reference dictionaries* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 150: Usage guidelines* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 201: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Regular inserts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 202: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Irregular inserts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 203: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Replaceable inserts for drilling* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 204: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Inserts for reaming* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 301: Concept for the design of 3D models based on properties according to ISO/TS 13399-3: Modelling of thread-cutting taps, thread-forming taps and thread-cutting dies* [Technical Specification]

This is a preview of "ISO/TS 13399-307:2016(E)". Click here to purchase the full version from the ANSI store.

- *Part 302: Concept for the design of 3D models based on properties according to ISO/TS 13399-3: Modelling of solid drills and countersinking tools* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 303: Concept for the design of 3D models based on properties according to ISO/TS 13399-3: Modelling of end mills with solid cutting edges* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 304: Concept for the design of 3D models based on properties according to ISO/TS 13399-3: Modelling of milling cutters with arbor hole and solid cutting edges* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 307: Creation and exchange of 3D models — End mills for indexable inserts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 308: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Milling cutters with arbor hole for indexable inserts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 309: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Tool holders for indexable inserts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 311: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Solid reamers* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 312: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Reamers for indexable inserts* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 401: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Converting, extending and reducing adaptive items* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 405: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Collets* [Technical Specification]

The following parts are under preparation:

- *Part 70: Graphical data layout — Layer settings for tool designs* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 71: Graphical data layout — Creation of documents for the standardized data exchange — Graphical product information* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 72: Creation of documents for the standardized data exchange — Definition of properties for drawing header and their XML-data exchange* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 305: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Modular tooling systems with adjustable cartridges for boring* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 310: Creation and exchange of 3D models — Turning tools with carbide tips* [Technical Specification]

## Introduction

This part of ISO/TS 13399 defines the concept, the terms and the definitions on how to design simplified 3D models of end mills for indexable inserts that can be used for NC-programming, simulation of the manufacturing processes and the determination of collision within machining processes. It is not intended to standardize the design of the cutting tool itself.

A cutting tool is used in a machine to remove material from a workpiece by a shearing action at the cutting edges of the tool. Cutting tool data that can be described by ISO/TS 13399 (all parts) include, but are not limited to, everything between the workpiece and the machine tool. Information about inserts, solid tools, assembled tools, adaptors, components and their relationships can be represented by ISO/TS 13399 (all parts). The increasing demand providing the end-user with 3D models for the purposes defined above is the basis for the development of this series of International Standards.

The objective of ISO/TS 13399 (all parts) is to provide the means to represent the information that describes cutting tools in a computer sensible form that is independent from any particular computer system. The representation will facilitate the processing and exchange of cutting tool data within and between different software systems and computer platforms and support the application of this data in manufacturing planning, cutting operations and the supply of tools. The nature of this description makes it suitable not only for neutral file exchange, but also as a basis for implementing and sharing product databases and for archiving. The methods that are used for these representations are those developed by ISO/TC 184/SC 4 for the representation of product data by using standardized information models and reference dictionaries.

Definitions and identifications of dictionary entries are defined by means of standard data that consist of instances of the EXPRESS entity data types defined in the common dictionary schema, resulting from a joint effort between ISO/TC 184/SC 4 and IEC/TC 3/SC 3D, and in its extensions defined in ISO 13584-24 and ISO 13584-25.