TECHNICAL

ISO/TS

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Dentistry — Torsion test of implant body/connecting part joints of endosseous dental implant systems

Médecine bucco-dentaire — Essai de torsion sur l'interface corps d'implant/élément de connexion des systèmes d'implants dentaires endo-osseux



ISO/TS 13498:2011(E)

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Foreword

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In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of document:

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An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

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Introduction

Most dental implant systems currently on the market employ a dental implant body that is inserted within the jaw bone, to which other components can be joined when constructing a prosthetic superstructure. The connection between these components and the implant body should be sufficiently rigid to resist masticatory loads, which have a significant torsional component. Implant systems therefore often incorporate features to restrict rotation at the connection. If this is insufficiently strong, then distortion/fracture of the linked components will occur. A standardised torsion test for the joint between the implant body and connecting part facilitates comparative evaluation.