Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) —

Part 7:
Guidance for the assessment of conformity

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour les installations d’eau chaude et froide — Poly(chlorure de vinyle) chloré (PVC-C) —

Partie 7: Guide pour l’évaluation de la conformité
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO’s adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 155, Plastics piping systems and ducting systems, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 138, Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids, Subcommittee SC 2, Plastics pipes and fittings for water supplies, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/TS 15877-7:2009), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

— Addition of new definitions of the terms "material", compound" and "material grade";
— Revision of 6.2 “Type testing (TT)” with a special focus on Table 4.

A list of all parts in the ISO 15877 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user’s national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.
Introduction

This document can be used to support elaboration of national third party certification procedures for products conforming to the applicable part(s) of ISO 15877.

This document is a part of a System Standard for plastics piping systems of a particular material for a specified application. There are a number of such System Standards.

At the date of publication of this document, System Standards for piping systems of other plastics materials used for the same application are the following:

— ISO 15874, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polypropylene (PP)
— ISO 15875, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Crosslinked Polyethylene (PE-X)
— ISO 15876, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polybutene (PB)
— ISO 21003, Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installations inside buildings
— ISO 22391, Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations — Polyethylene of raised temperature resistance (PE-RT)

They are supported by separate standards on test methods to which references are made throughout the System Standard.

The System Standards are consistent with general standards on functional requirements and on recommended practice for installation.

Figures 1 and 2 are intended to provide general information on the concept of testing and organisation of those tests used for the purpose of the assessment of conformity. For each type of test, i.e. type testing (TT), batch release test (BRT), process verification test (PVT), and audit test (AT), this document details the applicable characteristics to be assessed as well as the frequency and sampling of testing.

A typical scheme for the assessment of conformity of materials, compounds, pipes, fittings, valves, joints or assemblies by product manufacturers is given in Figure 1.

![Figure 1 — Typical scheme for the assessment of conformity by a product manufacturer](image)

A typical scheme for the assessment of conformity of compounds, pipes, fittings, valves, joints or assemblies by manufacturers, including certification, is given in Figure 2.
Figure 2 — Typical scheme for the assessment of conformity by a product manufacturer, including certification