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Road vehicles — Ergonomic aspects of transport information and control systems (TICS) — Procedures for determining priority of on-board messages presented to drivers

Véhicules routiers — Aspects ergonomiques des systèmes de commande et d'information du transport (TICS) — Modes opératoires pour la détermination de la priorité des messages embarqués présentés aux conducteurs



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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 39, *Ergonomics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/TS 16951:2004), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- formulae and other errors corrected:
- editorial updates.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

When multiple in-vehicle information systems are present, including both transport information and control systems (TICS) and non-TICS, various kinds of messages will be presented to drivers from these systems and displayed at various times. If these messages are not managed properly, drivers could fail to obtain critical information, which may degrade safety. This document establishes two prioritization methods for TICS and other system-initiated messages or driver-requested messages presented to drivers while driving. Other prioritization methods are possible. The primary method given in this document takes criticality and urgency ratings of such messages into consideration when calculating a priority index. If the mathematical calculations are avoided for some reason, an alternative method presented in Annex A is applied. The alternative method involves paired comparisons of all possible messages to form a priority matrix. Its relative advantages and disadvantages are discussed in Annex A. Annex B presents one way of managing messages using the priority obtained by Annex A.

Priority is one of the parameters to consider in determining when, where and how system messages are displayed. As TICS applications are deployed, the number and frequency of TICS messages presented to drivers can be expected to increase. This document will provide road vehicle manufacturers and TICS suppliers with a consistent basis for the management of messages competing for the driver's limited information processing capability. This, in turn, will reduce the driver's workload and help ensure that the most important messages reach the driver. This document complements ISO 15005^[3], a dialogue management standard.

This document is intended for those involved in the design of message management systems that integrate in-vehicle messages. It describes how to establish message priorities. It also specifies criteria for message prioritization and, therefore, serves as an evaluation tool for TICS installed in vehicles as standard equipment and for after-market TICS devices.