Prerequisite programmes on food safety —
Part 2: Catering

Programmes prérequis pour la sécurité des denrées alimentaires —
Partie 2: Restauration
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of document:

— an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;

— an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TS 22002-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, Food products, Subcommittee SC 17, Management systems for food safety.

ISO/TS 22002 consists of the following parts, under the general title Prerequisite programmes on food safety:

— Part 1: Food manufacturing

— Part 2: Catering

— Part 3: Farming

The following parts are under preparation:

— Part 4: Food packaging manufacturing

— Part 5: Transport and storage
Introduction

ISO 22000 sets out specific food safety requirements for organizations in the food chain. One such requirement is that organizations establish, implement, and maintain prerequisite programmes (PRPs) to assist in controlling food safety hazards (ISO 22000:2005, 7.5).

This part of ISO/TS 22002 does not duplicate the requirements given in ISO 22000 and is intended to be used when establishing, implementing, and maintaining the PRPs specific to the organization(s) in conjunction with ISO 22000, to assist in controlling basic hygienic conditions in catering activities.

Food safety has to be ensured at all stages of the food chain. In the case of catering services, prerequisite programmes have to be established in organizations which, as applicable, prepare, process, cook, store, transport, distribute, and serve food for human consumption at the place of preparation or at a satellite unit.

The following applications of this part of ISO/TS 22002, in accordance with ISO 22000, are possible.

a) An organization can develop the PRPs part of codes of practice or check that an existing code of practice is consistent with this part of ISO/TS 22002.

b) An establishment can implement an ISO 22000 food safety management system. The establishment can use this part of ISO/TS 22002 as a basis to structure and document the PRPs.