

ANSI Z80.37-2017

American National Standard

*for Ophthalmics –
Slit-Lamp Microscopes*



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Z80.37-2017

American National Standard
for Ophthalmics –
Slit-Lamp Microscopes

Secretariat
The Vision Council

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American National Standard

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Foreword (This foreword is not part of American National Standard ANSI Z80.37-2017.)

This American National Standard specifies requirements and test methods for optical radiation hazards from slit-lamp microscopes.

ANSI Z80.37-2017 was adapted by a group of experts within the ANSI ASC Z80 Instruments and Low Vision Devices Subcommittee, under the chair of William L. Brown, O.D., Ph.D. It is a performance standard.

This document was developed in 2017 after changes were made to ISO 15504-2 Light hazard protection that resulted in recommendations for levels of radiant exposure for retinal photochemical hazard that were unacceptable to the U.S. delegation to the ISO. Since ISO 10936-2. *Light hazard from operation microscopes used in ocular surgery*, refers to ISO 15004-2 for radiation levels, it was decided that an American National Standard for slit-lamp microscopes was needed.

Suggestions for improvement of this standard are welcome. They should be sent to the Vision Council, 225 Reinkers Lane, Suite 700, Alexandria, VA 22314.

This standard was processed and approved for submittal to ANSI by the Accredited Standards Committee on Ophthalmic Optics, Z80. Committee approval of this standard does not necessarily imply that all committee members voted for its approval. At the time of approval of this standard, the Z80 Committee consisted of the following members:

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Neil Roche, Vice-Chair
William Benjamin, O.D., Secretary
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American National Standard for Ophthalmics –

Slit-Lamp Microscopes

1 Scope

This American National Standard, together with ISO 15004-1 and ANSI Z80.36, specifies requirements and test methods for slit-lamp microscopes to provide slit illumination and observation under magnification of the eye and its adnexa.

This American National Standard is not applicable to microscope accessories, e.g. photographic equipment and lasers.

This American National Standard takes precedence over ISO 15004-1 and ANSI Z80.36, if differences exist.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ANSI Z80.36, *Light hazard protection for ophthalmic instruments*

ISO 15004-1, *Ophthalmic instruments - Fundamental requirements and test methods - Part 1: General requirements applicable to all ophthalmic instruments*

IEC 60601-1:2005, + Amd.1:2012, *Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

slit-lamp microscope

instrument consisting of a microscope and a swivelling illumination system providing a slit image

3.2

magnification

ratio of the viewing angle of an object, when observed through a magnifying system with the image at infinity, to that of the object, when observed by the naked eye at a reference viewing distance of 250 mm

NOTE 1 The magnification, M , can be calculated using the following equation:

$$M = \frac{\tan \sigma'}{\tan \sigma}$$

where

σ' is the angle at which an object is seen through the microscope;

σ is the angle at which the same object is seen without any instrument at a viewing distance of 250 mm.

NOTE 2 The magnification of the microscope comprises the magnifications of the complete system.

3.3

high eye point eyepiece

eyepiece in which the exit pupil is of sufficient clearance from the eyepiece to allow spectacles to be worn